

# Protecting *e*-Government Against Attacks

**Gernot Heiser** 

NICTA and University of New South Wales



**Australian Government** 

Department of Broadband, Communications and the Digital Economy

**Australian Research Council** 

**NICTA Funding and Supporting Members and Partners** 

















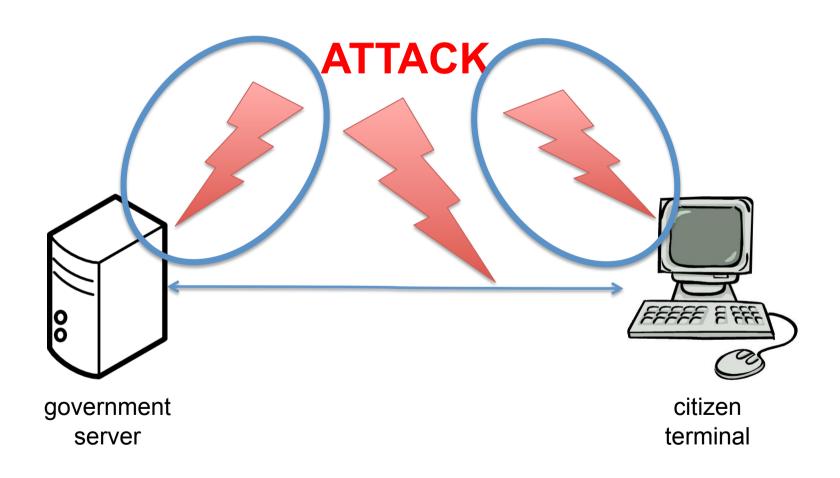






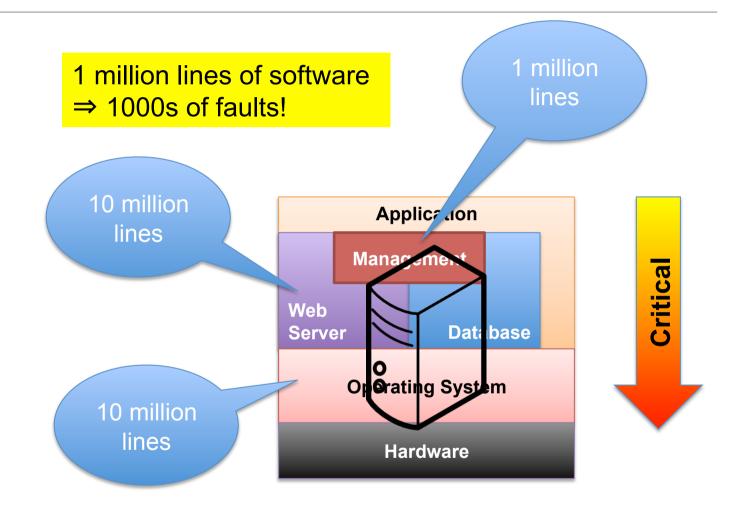
# e-Government Threats





# **Software Complexity and Attack Surface**





In security-critical software, >10% of faults become vulnerabilities

### **Virtualization**

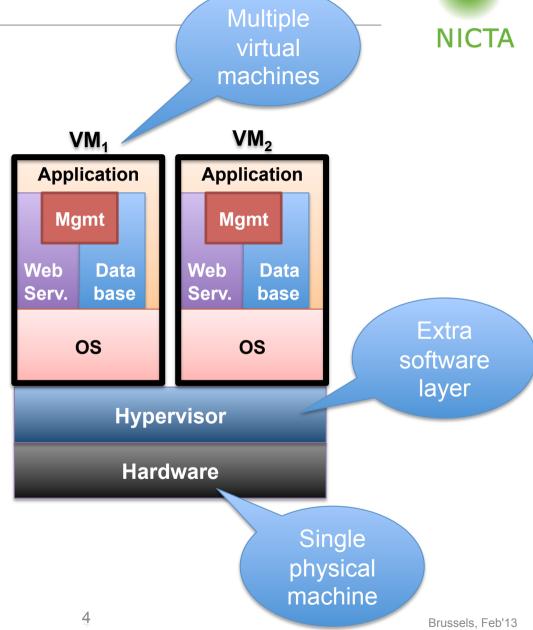
# O • NICTA

### Advantages:

- server consolidation
- reduced management cost
- improved utilisation
- reduced energy use

## Disadvantages:

 increased attack surface



# **Attack Surface**



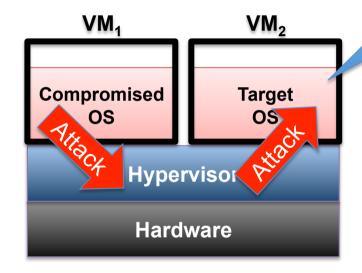
Component	Total size	Critical part	Vulnerabilities
Management	1 MLOC	1 MLOC	100s
Web server, database, application	10 MLOC	1 MLOC	100s
Operating System	10 MLOC	10 MLOC	1000s
Hypervisor	1 MLOC	1 MLOC	100s



### Virtualization Attacks: Server-to-Server



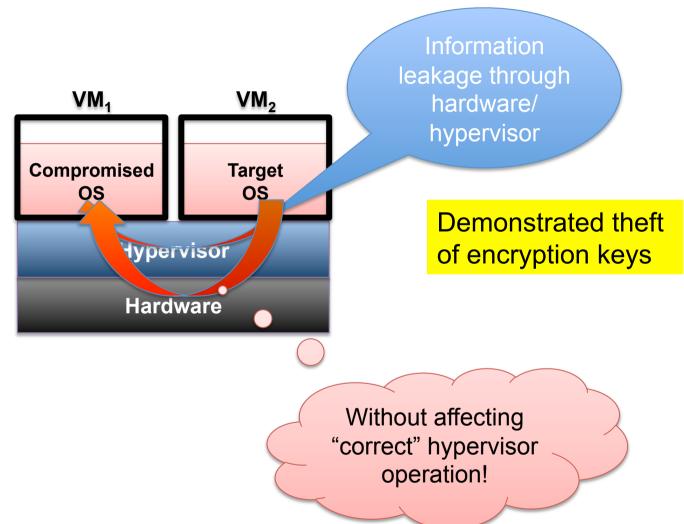
Target may not even know about co-location!



Virtual machines isolated by hypervisor ⇒ isolation only as good as hypervisor

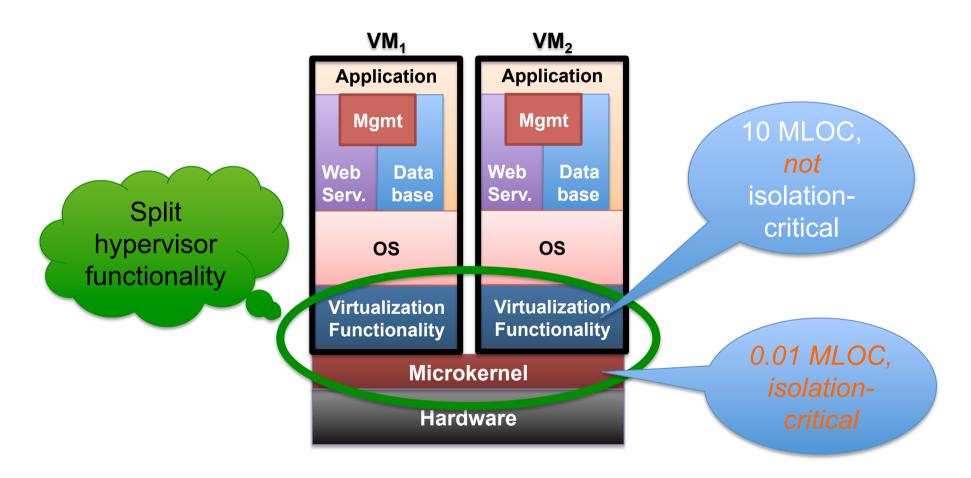
### **Virtualization Attacks: Side Channels**





## **Decrease Attack Surface: Microkernels**





#### **Microkernels**



#### Track record:

- OKL4 microkernel deployed on > 1.5 billion mobile devices
- Developed by NICTA, marketed by Open Kernel Labs

#### **Unparalleled security potential:**

- 10,000 lines ⇒ minimal vulnerabilities
- Small enough to prove absence of faults

#### NICTA's seL4 microkernel:

First and only operating-system with *proof* that operation is always according to specification

... and as fast as any microkernel!

### **Terminals**



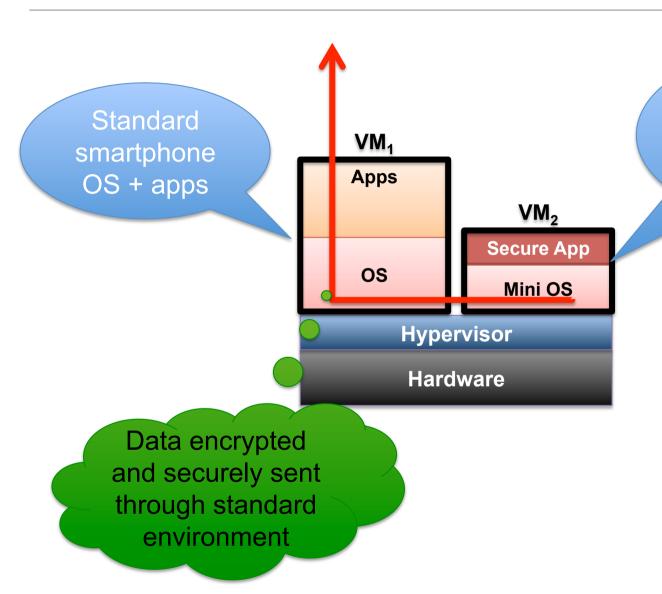
## **Bigger challenge than servers**

- Live in uncontrolled environments
- Run large amounts of untrusted software
- Large percentage infected by malware
- Cannot be trusted to keep secrets!



# **Protecting Terminals – With Virtualization!**





Minimal secure environment, protected by hypervsior

©2013 Gernot Heiser, NICTA 11 Brussels, Feb'13

#### Recommendations



- Require provably secure virtualization technology (after transition period)
  - provide incentive to industry for delivering secure products

- 2. Fund development of open-source *provably* secure virtualization technology (equivalent to seL4)
  - avoid private monopoly for critical infrastructure

- 3. Require certified secure communication functionality on terminals accessing e-government services (after transition period)
  - provide incentive to industry for delivering secure products