

Formally-Verified OS Kernel

A Basis for Reliable Systems?

Gernot Heiser

John Lions Professor of Operating Systems, University of New South Wales
Leader, Trustworthy Embedded Systems, NICTA
CTO and Founder, Open Kernel Labs



Australian Government
Department of Communications,
Information Technology and the Arts
Australian Research Council

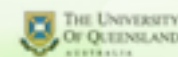
NICTA Members



Department of State and
Regional Development



The University of Sydney



NICTA Partners

Trustworth Embedded Systems

ERTOS.NICTA.com.au



- 14 PhD-qualified researchers (+ 2 open positions)
- 10 graduate researchers (+ open positions)
- 7 research engineers (+ 4 open positions)
- \approx 10 undergraduate students

Windows

An exception 06 has occurred at 0028:C11B3ADC in VxD DiskTSD(03) + 00001660. This was called from 0028:C11B40C8 in VxD voltrack(04) + 00000000. It may be possible to continue normally.

- * Press any key to attempt to continue.
- * Press CTRL+ALT+RESET to restart your computer. You will lose any unsaved information in all applications.

Press any key to continue

The Problem



seL4 Microkernel

Core of a Minimal TCB

Small trustworthy foundation

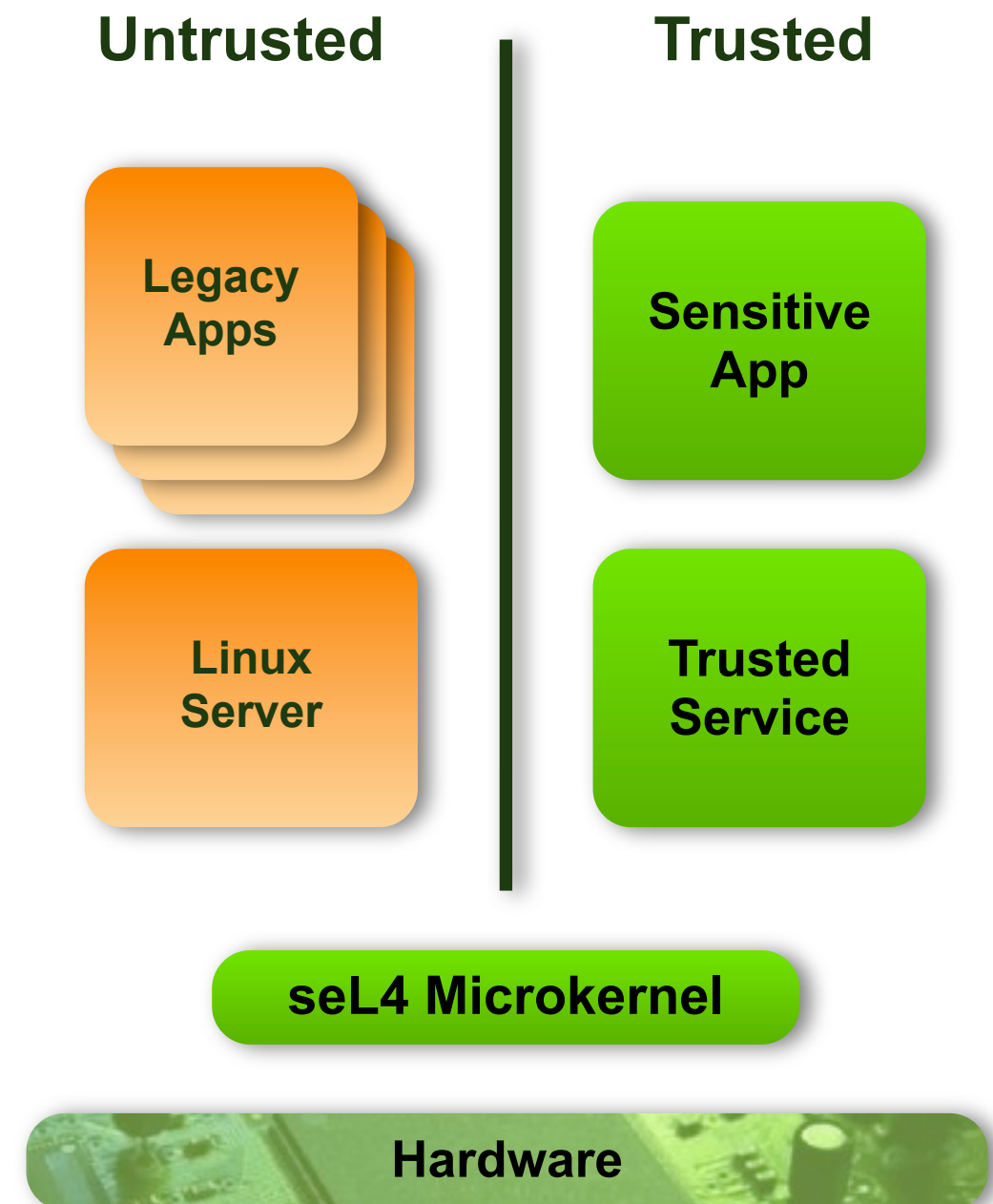
- Fault isolation
- Fault identification
- IP protection
- Modularity
- High assurance components in presence of other components

Designed for verification

- small API

Designed for security

- novel kernel resource management



Aim: Suitable for Real-World Use

Model: OKL4 microkernel

- resulting from L4-based research at NICTA/UNSW
- Open Kernel Labs spun out as independent company in 2006
- deployed in >500 M devices



Open Kernel Labs™

Be open. Be safe.



seL4 API based on L4:

- IPC
- Threads
- Virtual Memory
- IRQs, exception redirection
- *Capabilities (NEW)*
- **Performance like OKL4!**

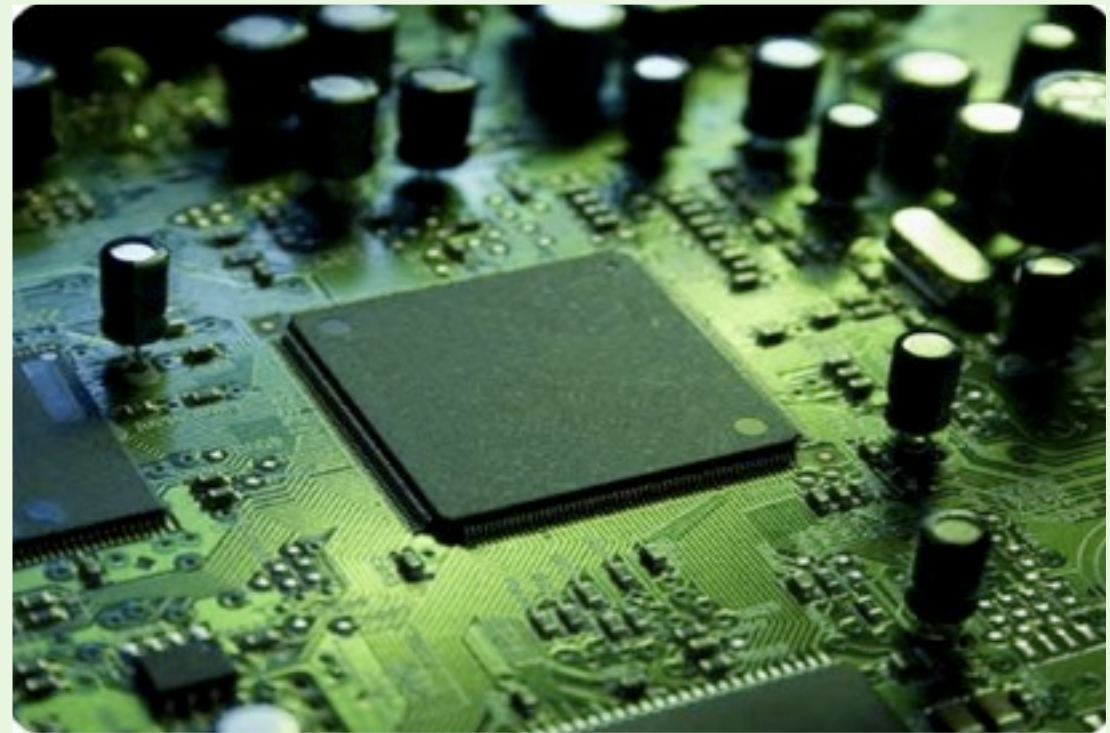
Real-world deployment for many uses

- General-purpose
 - virtual machines
 - lightweight environments
 - not just a separation kernel
- Performance
- Performance
- Performance
- C & assembler

Verification for *functional correctness*

- Formal model
- Tractable complexity
- Suitable representation of implementation

Kernel Design for Verification



Two Teams

Formal Methods Practitioners



**The Power of
Abstraction**

[Liskov 09]

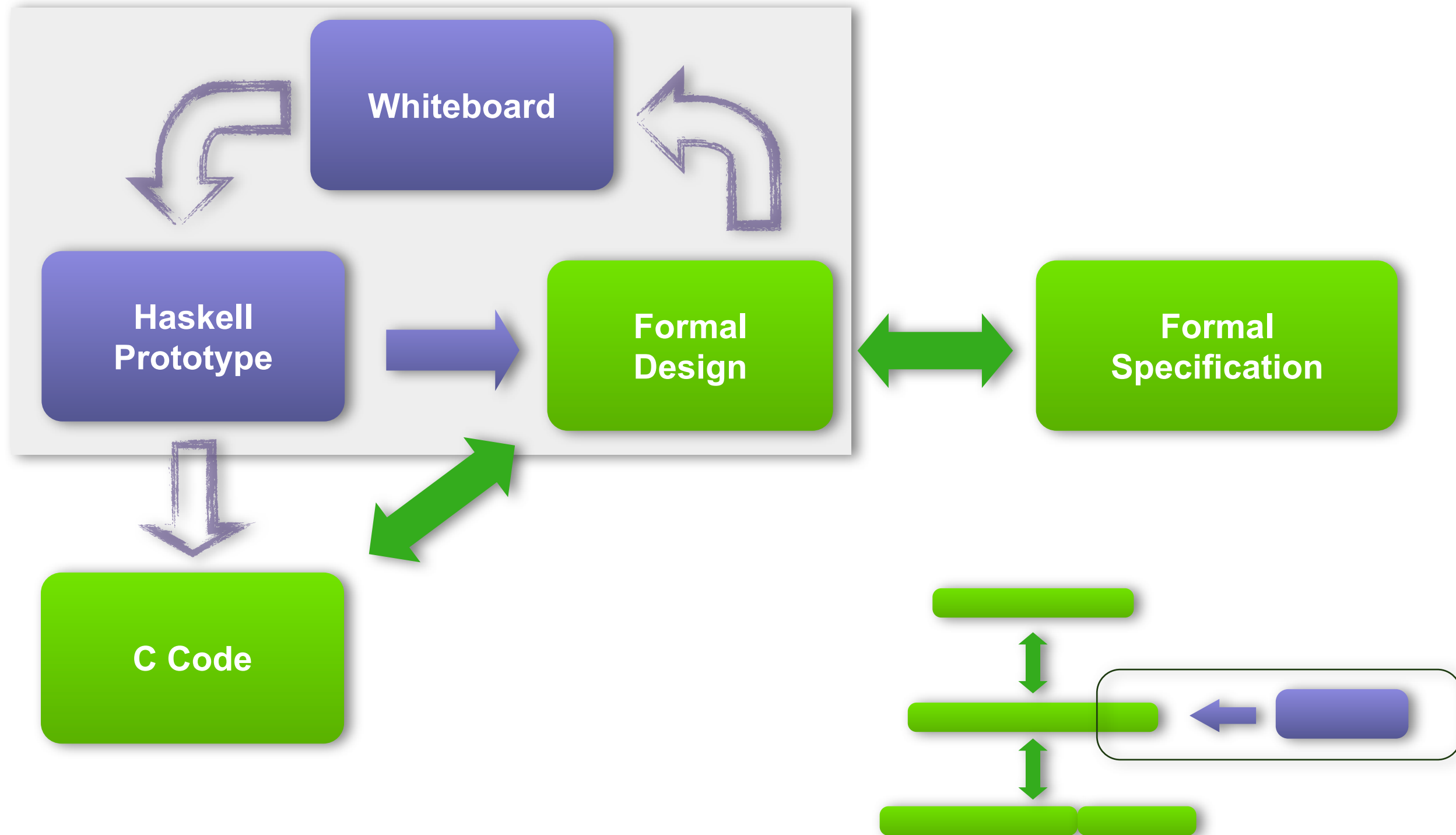
Kernel Developers



**Exterminate All
OS Abstractions!**

[Engler 95]

Iterative Design and Formalisation



Hardware

- # Concurrency

- event-based kernel
- limit preemption

Code

- derive from functional representation

```

void
schedule(void) {
    switch ((word_t)ksSchedulerAction) {
        case (word_t)SchedulerAction_ResumeCurrentThread:
            break;

        case (word_t)SchedulerAction_ChooseNewThread:
            chooseThread();
            SchedulerAction = SchedulerAction_ResumeCurrentThread;
            break;

        /* SwitchToThread */
        case (word_t)SchedulerAction_SwitchToThread:
            switchToThread(ksSchedulerAction);
            SchedulerAction = SchedulerAction_ResumeCurrentThread;
            break;
    }
}

void
thread_run(void) {
    thread_t *thread;
    thread = ksReadyQueue[0].head;
    thread = thread->next;

    while (thread != 0) {
        if (!isRunnable(thread)) {
            thread = thread->tcbSchedNext;
            tcbSchedDequeue(thread);
        } else {
            switchToThread(thread);
            return;
        }
    }
}

void
switchToIdleThread(void) {
    thread_t *thread;
    thread = ksReadyQueue[0].head;
    thread = thread->next;

    while (thread != 0) {
        if (!isRunnable(thread)) {
            thread = thread->tcbSchedNext;
            tcbSchedDequeue(thread);
        } else {
            switchToThread(thread);
            return;
        }
    }
}

```

```
void
schedule(void) {
    switch ((word_t)ksSchedulerAction) {
        case (word_t)SchedulerAction_ResumeCurrentThread:
            break;

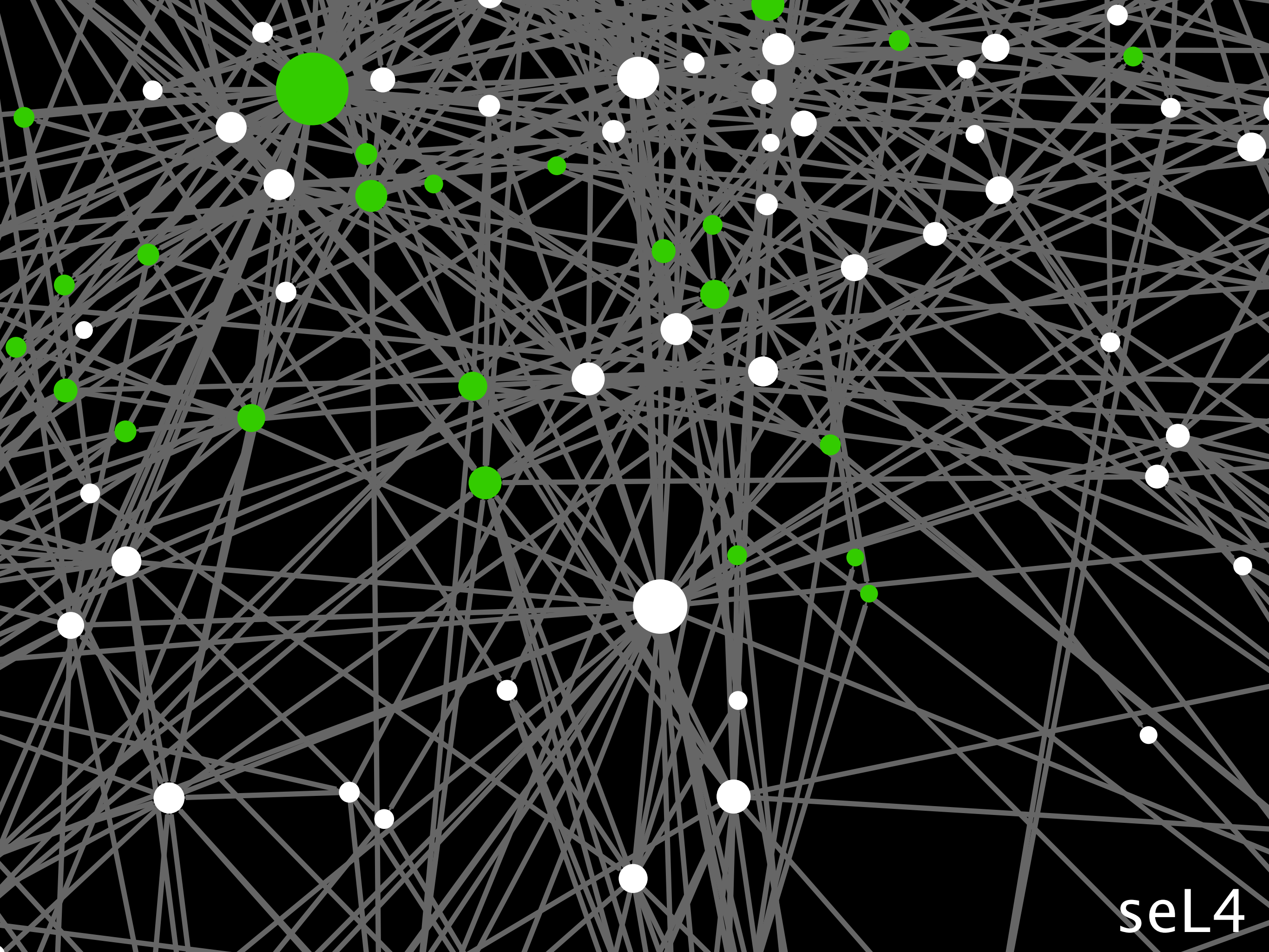
        case (word_t)SchedulerAction_ChooseNewThread:
            chooseThread();
            ksSchedulerAction = SchedulerAction_ResumeCurrentThread;
            break;
    }
}
```

- **minus:**

- goto, switch fall-through
- reference to local variable
- side-effects in expressions
- function pointers (restricted)
- unions

```
if(!isRunnable(thread)) {
    next = thread->tcbSchedNext;
    tcbSchedDequeue(thread);

else {
    switchToThread(thread);
    return;
```

seL4

The Proof



What

Specification

definition

```
schedule :: unit s_monad where
schedule ≡ do
  threads ← allActiveTCBs;
  thread ← select threads;
  switch_to_thread thread
od
OR switch_to_idle_thread
```

Proof

How

```
void
schedule(void) {
  switch ((word_t)ksSchedulerAction) {
    case (word_t)SchedulerAction_ResumeCurrentThread:
      break;

    case (word_t)SchedulerAction_ChooseNewThread:
      chooseThread();
      ksSchedulerAction = SchedulerAction_ResumeCurrentThread;
      break;

    default: /* SwitchToThread */
      switchToThread(ksSchedulerAction);
      ksSchedulerAction = SchedulerAction_ResumeCurrentThread;
      break;
  }
}

void
chooseThread(void) {
  prio_t prio;
  tcb_t *thread, *next;
```

***conditions apply**



Assume correct:

- compiler + linker (wrt. C op-sem)
- assembly code (600 loc)
- hardware (ARMv6)
- cache and TLB management
- boot code (1,200 loc)

Proof

Specification

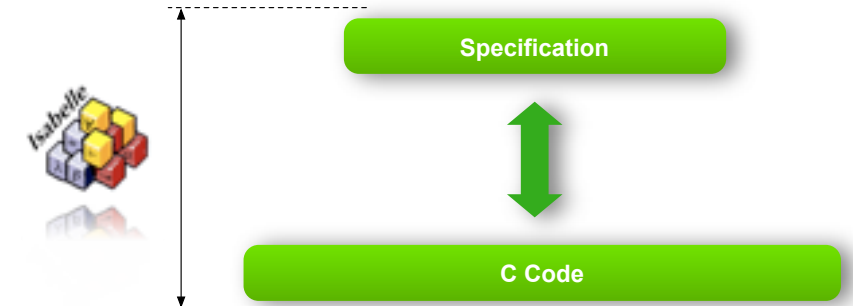
Code

Assumptions



Execution always defined:

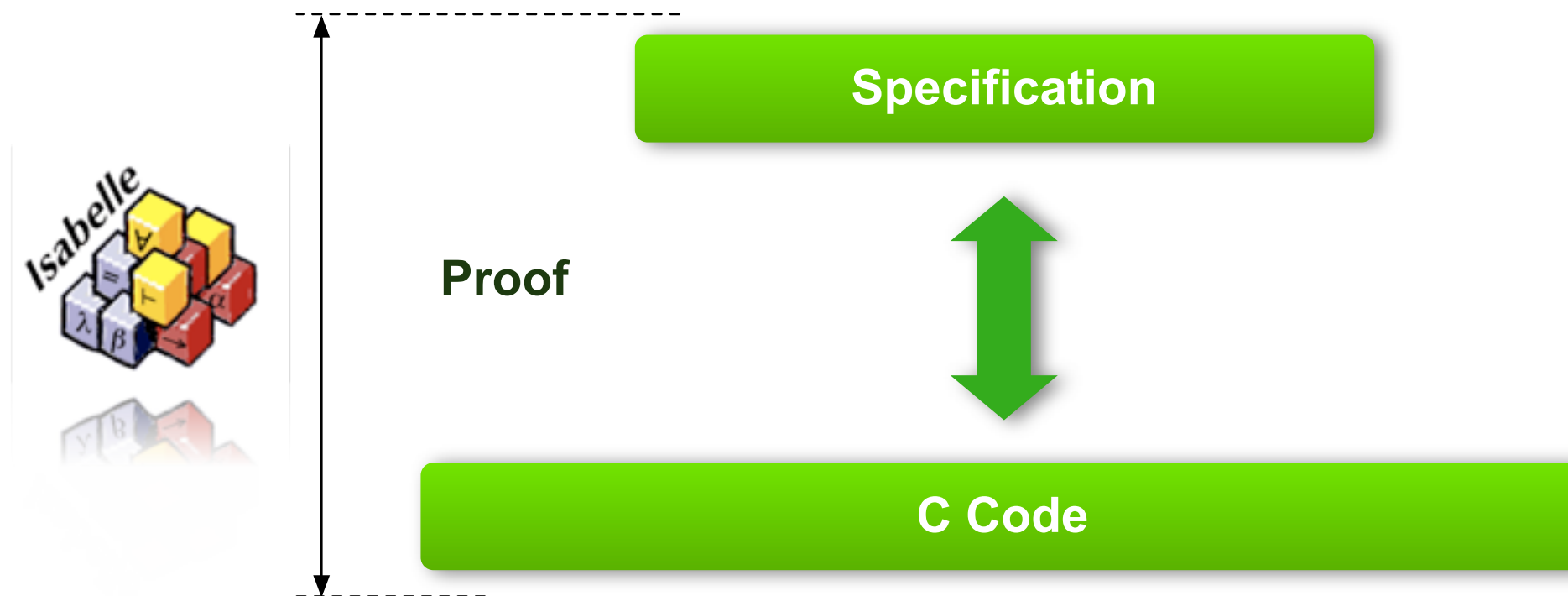
- no null pointer de-reference
- no buffer overflows
- no code injection
- no memory leaks/out of kernel memory
- no div by zero, no undefined shift
- no undefined execution
- no infinite loops/recursion

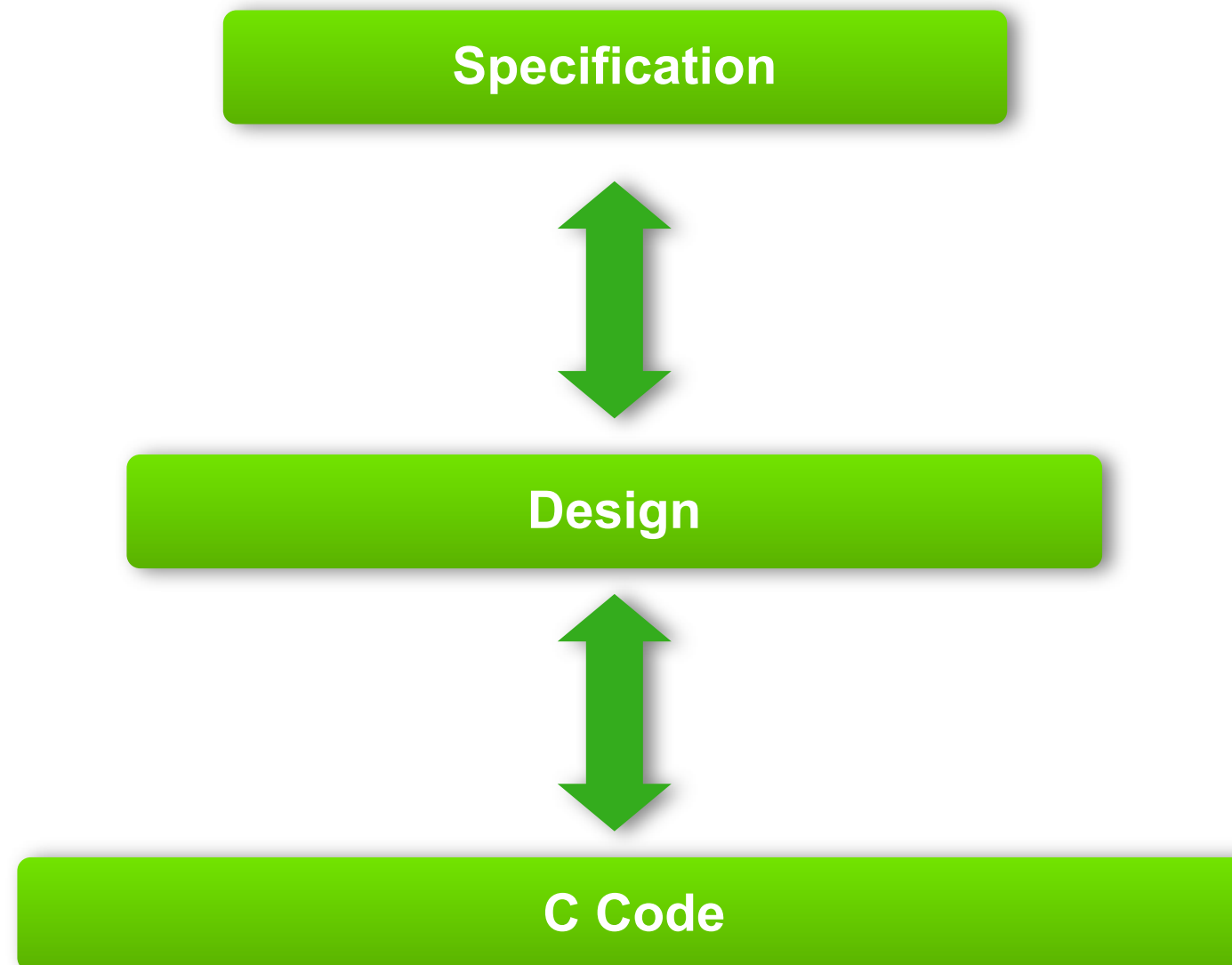


Not implied:

- “secure” (define secure)
- zero bugs from expectation to physical world
- covert channel analysis

Proof Architecture





Proof Architecture

Access Control Spec

Confinement

Specification

Design

C Code

definition

```
schedule :: unit s_monad where
schedule ≡ do
  threads ← allActiveTCBs;
  thread ← select threads;
```

```
schedule :: Kernel ()
```

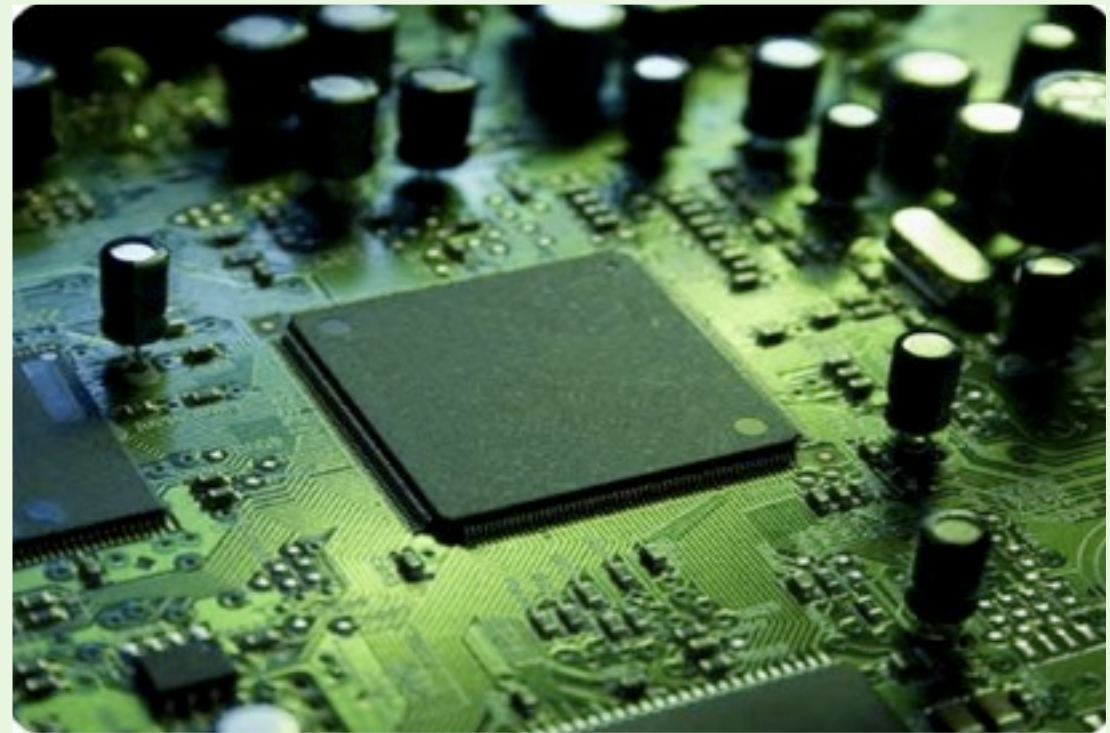
```
void
schedule(void) {
  switch ((word_t)ksSchedulerAction) {
    case (word_t)SchedulerAction_ResumeCurrentThread:
      break;

    case (word_t)SchedulerAction_ChooseNewThread:
      chooseThread();
      ksSchedulerAction = SchedulerAction_ResumeCurrentThread;
      break;

    default: /* SwitchToThread */
      switchToThread(ksSchedulerAction);
      ksSchedulerAction = SchedulerAction_ResumeCurrentThread;
      break;
  }
}

void
chooseThread(void) {
  prio_t prio;
  tcb_t *thread, *next;
```

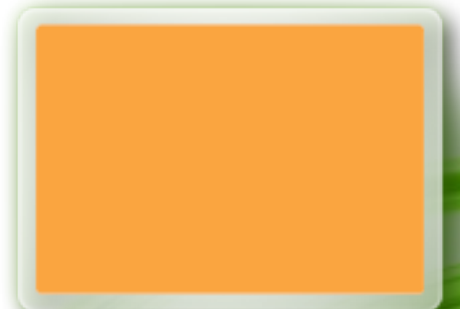
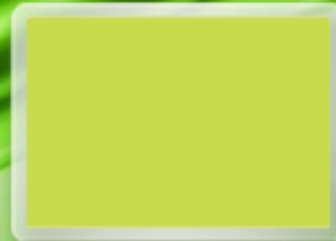

Experience



Common Criteria

EAL	Requirem.	Funct Spec	TDS	Implem.
EAL1		Informal		
EAL2		Informal	Informal	
EAL3		Informal	Informal	
EAL4		Informal	Informal	Informal
EAL5		Semiformal	Semiformal	Informal
EAL6	Formal	Semiformal	Semiformal	Informal
EAL7	Formal	Formal	Formal	Informal
I4.verified	Formal	Formal	Formal	Formal

What's next?



Remove limitations

- verify assembler code
- verify bootstrap code
- verify MMU operations
- multicore version
- verify x86 version
- temporal isolation
- information flow



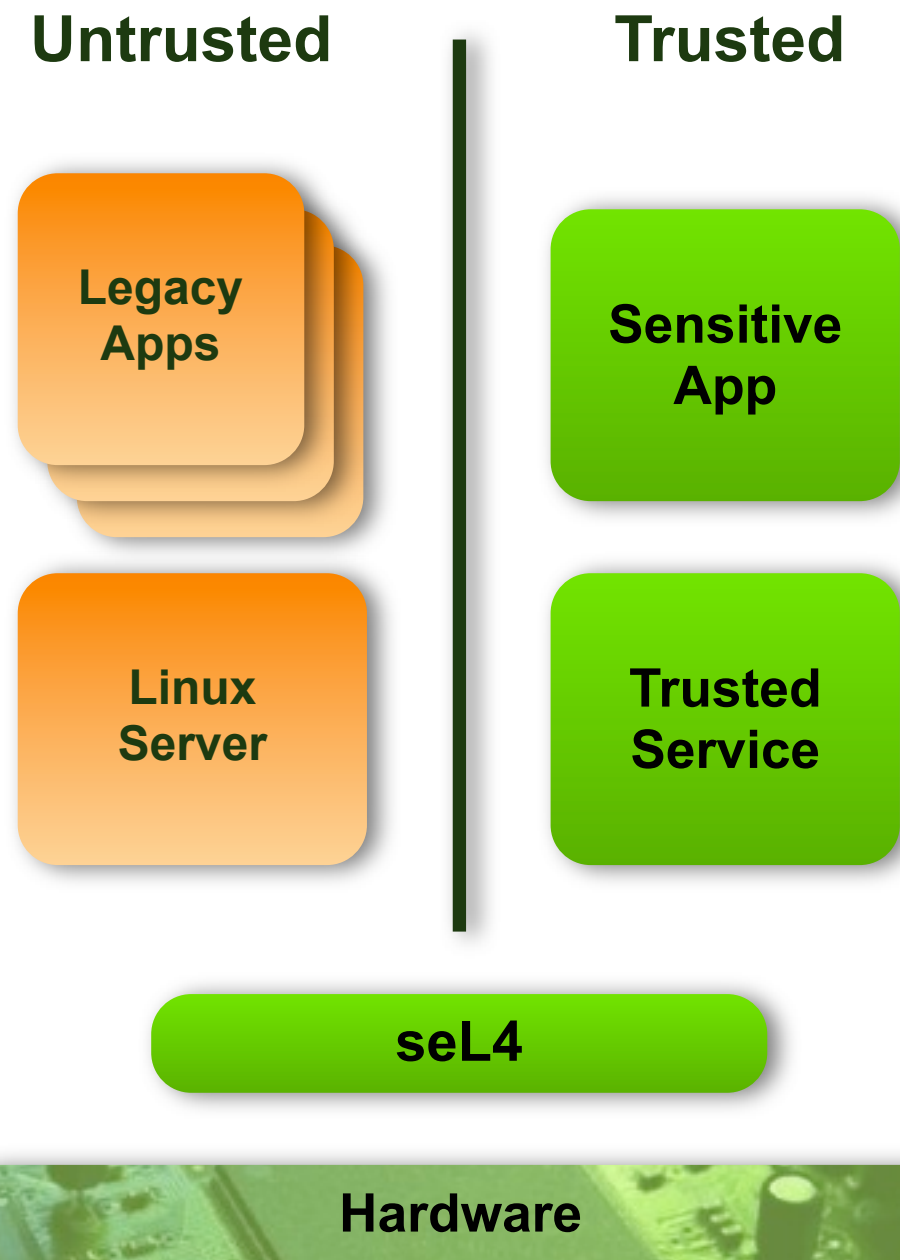
Towards real systems

- 1 MLoC, legacy components
- real-time analysis
- power management

How?

Exploit:

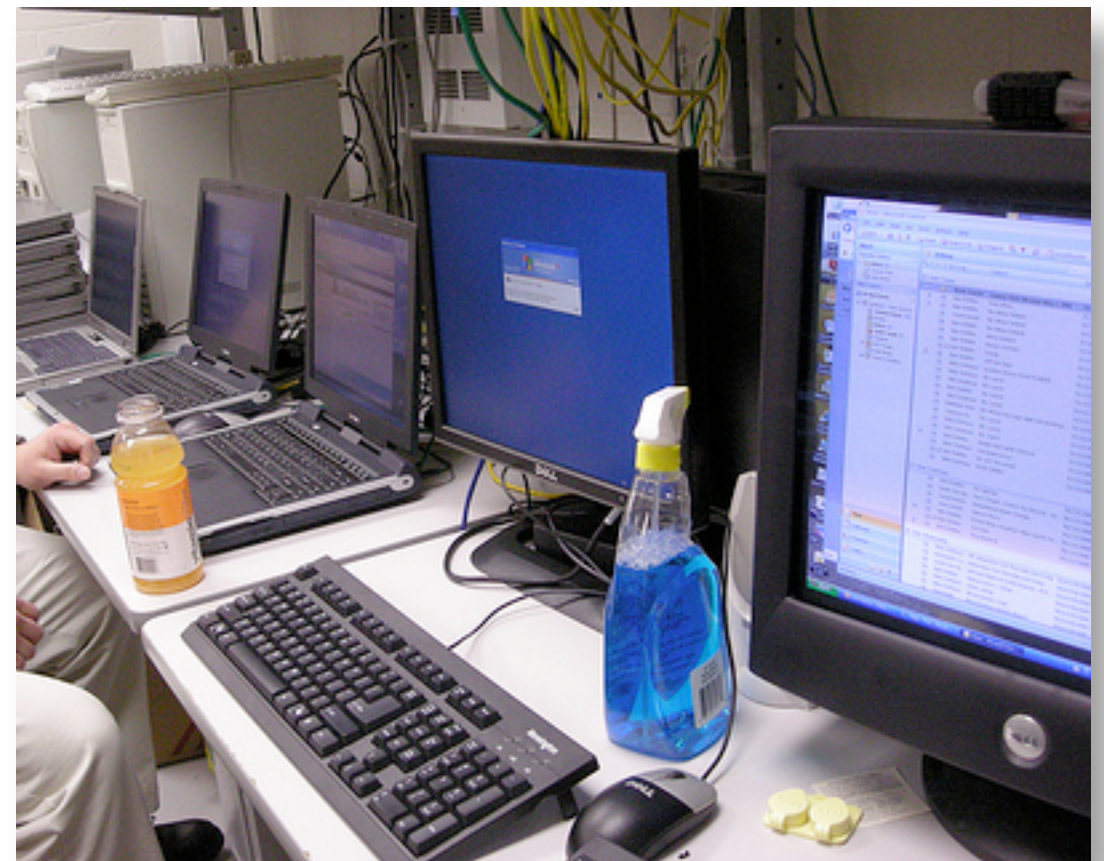
- seL4 isolation
- verified properties
- MILS architectures / virtualization



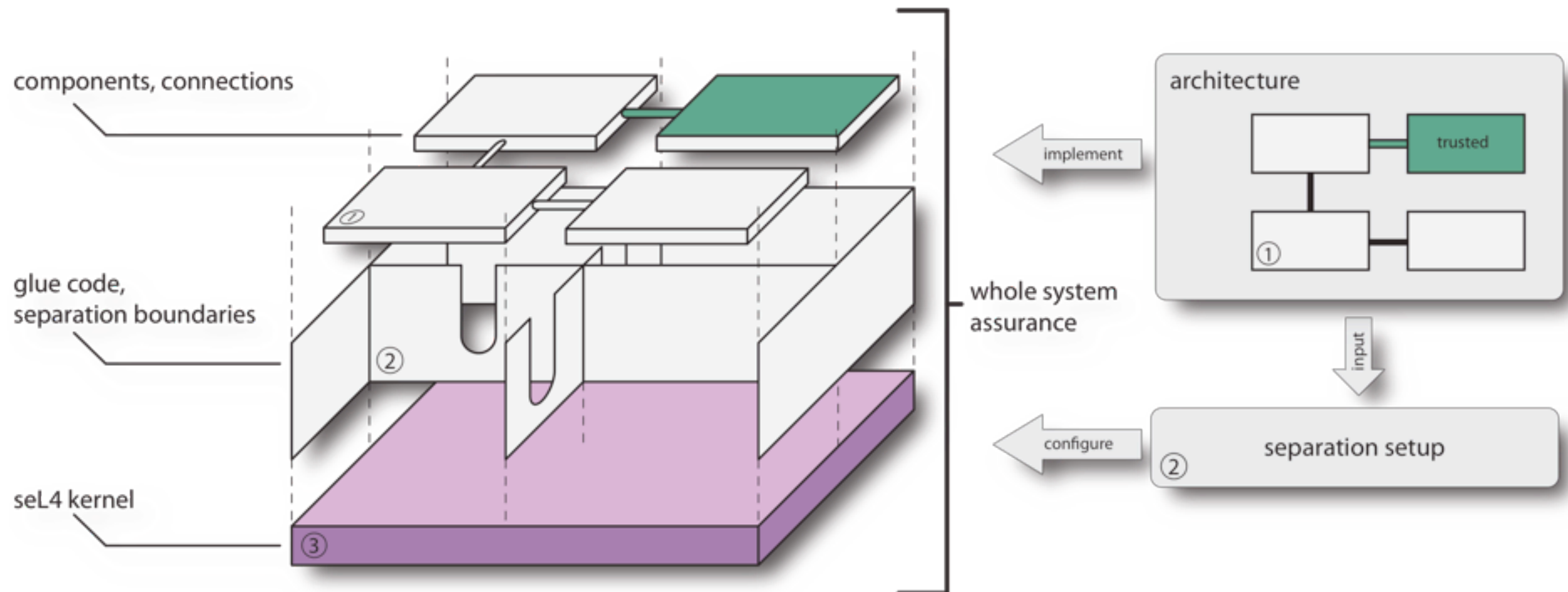
Multilevel Secure Terminal Demonstrator

also:

- automotive
- financial
- aerospace



Global View of Project



- Build system with minimal TCB
- Formalize and prove security properties about architecture
- Prove correctness of trusted components
- Prove correctness of setup

Formal proof all the way from spec to C

- **200 kLoC** handwritten, machine-checked proof, **10 k** theorems
- **~460** bugs (160 in C)
- Verification on **code**, **design**, and **spec**
- **Hard in the proof** ➔ **Hard in the implementation**

Formal Code Verification up to 10 kLoC:

**It works.
It's feasible.
It's cheaper.**

(It's fun, too...)



The Team (Past and Present)

- June Andronick
- Timothy Bourke
- Andrew Boyton
- David Cock
- Jeremy Dawson
- Philip Derrin
- Dhammika Elkaduwe
- **Kevin Elphinstone**
 - *leader, kernel design*
- Kai Engelhardt
- David Greenaway
- Lukas Haenel
- Gernot Heiser
- **Gerwin Klein**
 - *leader, verification*
- Rafal Kolanski
- Jia Meng
- Catherine Menon
- Michael Norrish
- Thomas Sewell
- David Tsai
- Harvey Tuch
- Michael von Tessin
- Adam Walker
- Simon Winwood

Thank You

Google