



School of Computer Science & Engineering
Trustworthy Systems Group

Can We Make Trustworthy Systems a Reality?

Gernot Heiser
UNSW Sydney & seL4 Foundation
@GernotHeiser

Cyberattacks Are Everywhere

BITSIGHT

Report Shows Cyber Attacks on Cloud Services Have Doubled

News / World

'Most serious cyberattack of the Ukraine war': Tens of thousands modems crippled

AP By Associated Press | 5:38pm Mar 31, 2022



NEWS | February 7, 2022

Ransomware attack on Swissport causes delay at Zurich Airport

Cyberattacks on Automated Vehicles Rise by 99%: Report

By CISOMAG - June 9, 2020

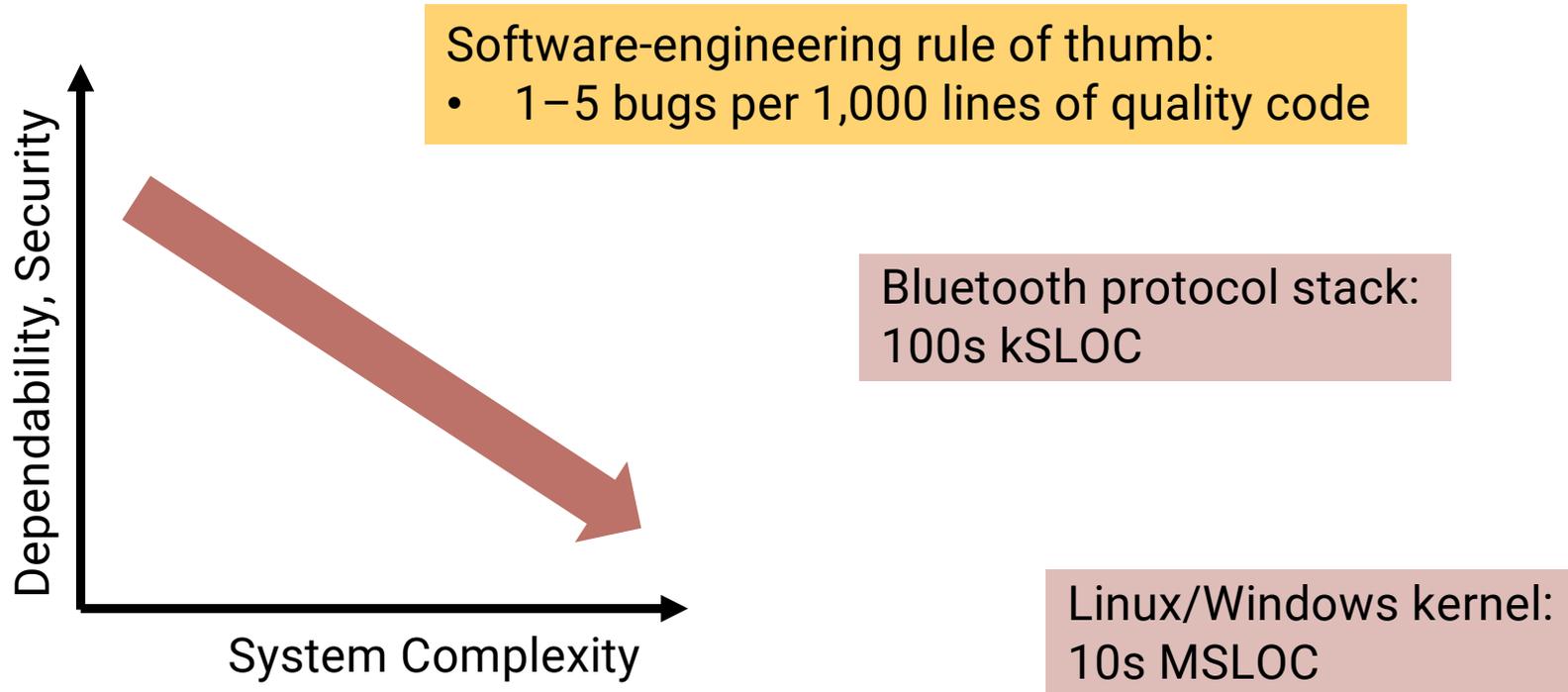
Cyber Attacks That Target Electrical Devices and Equipment: What Engineers Should Know

February 10, 2020 by Ikimi.O

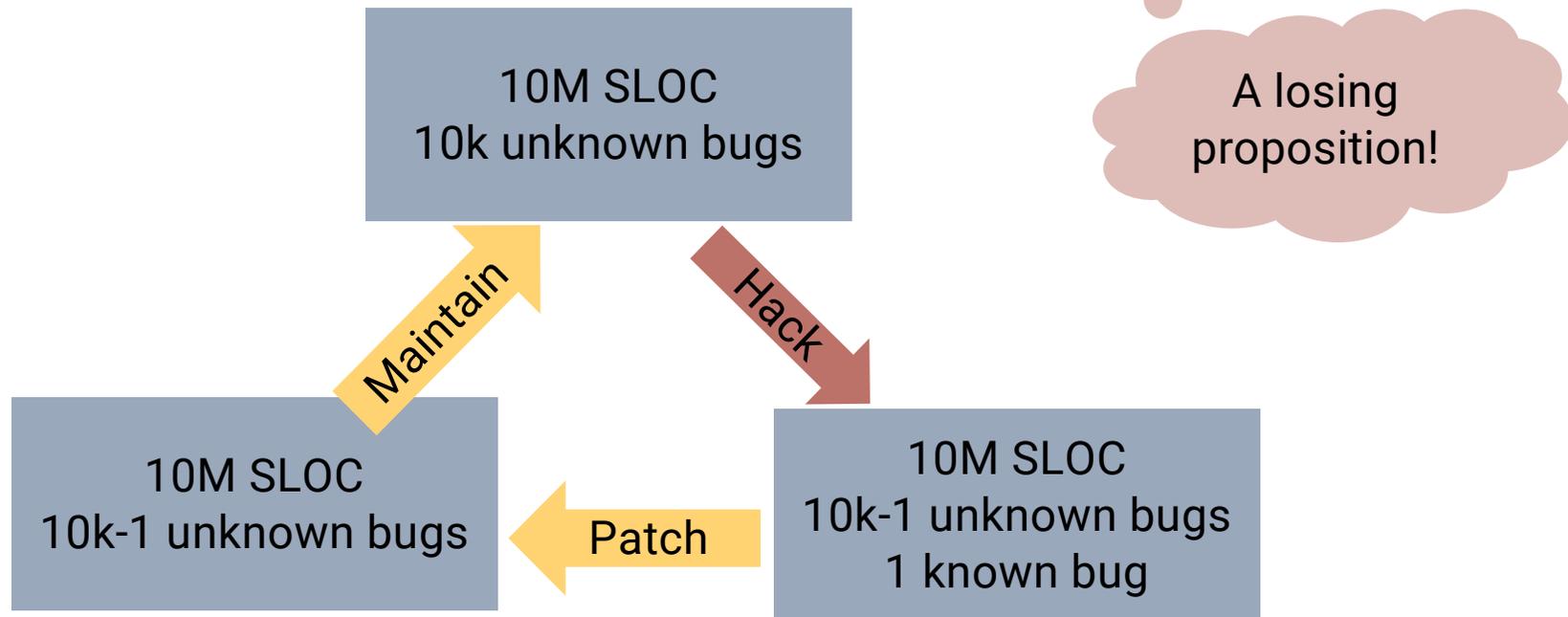
- Increasingly used by
- organised crime
 - state actors



Core Problem: Complexity



Standard Approach: Patch-and-Pray



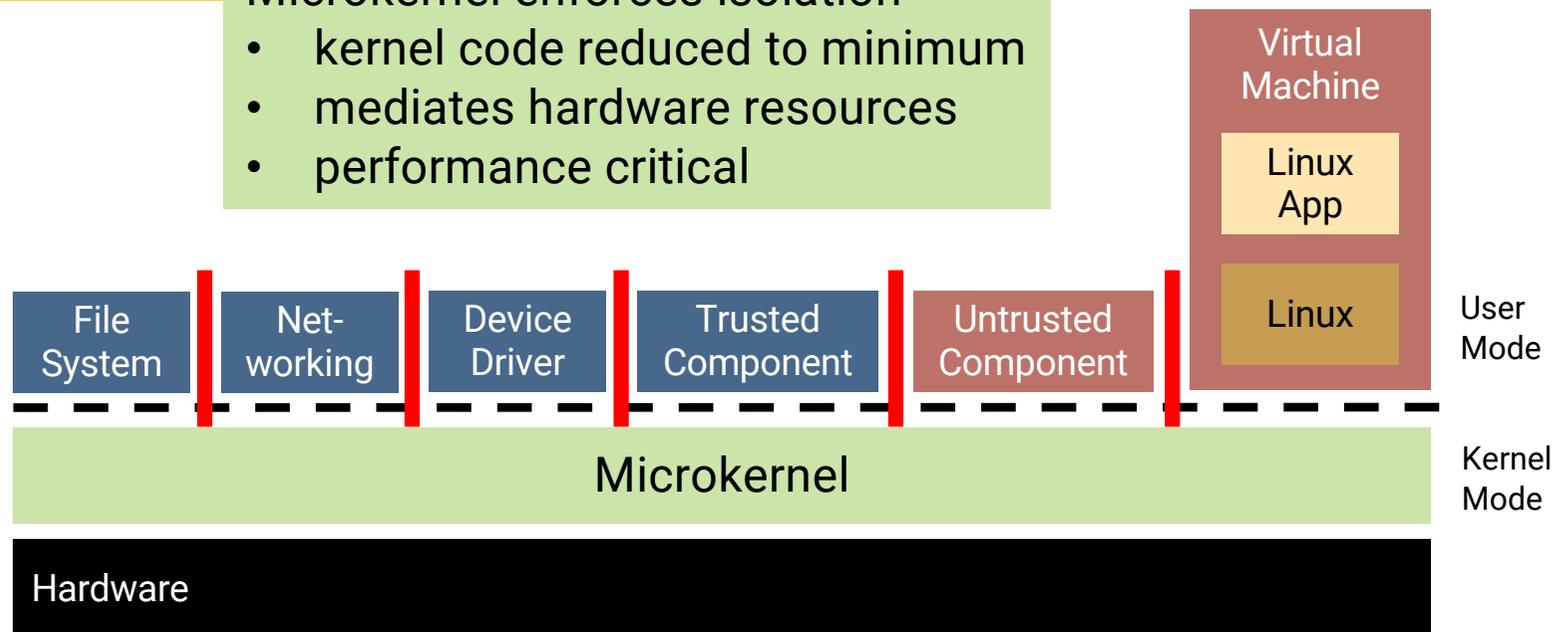
Solution 1: Minimise Trusted Computing Base

Modularisation: Separate components

- operating-system services
- applications

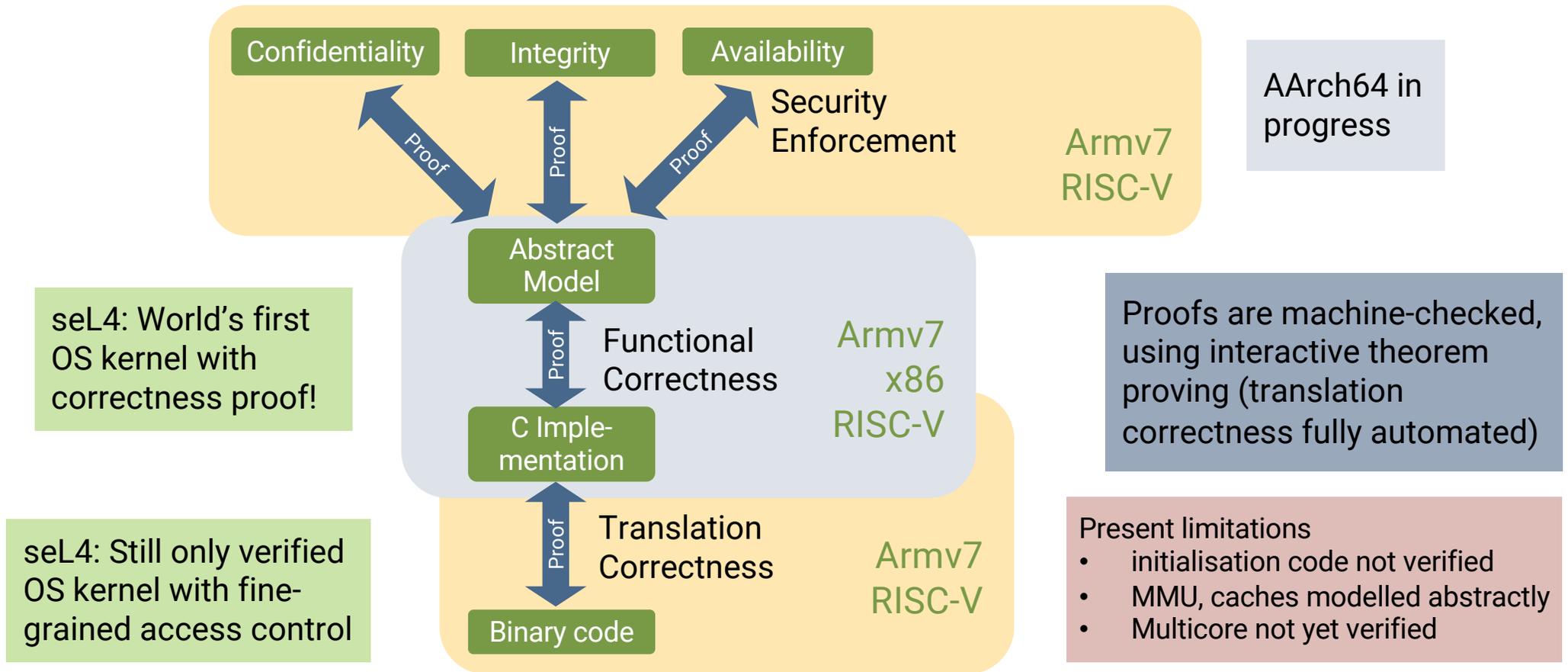
Microkernel enforces isolation

- kernel code reduced to minimum
- mediates hardware resources
- performance critical





Solution 2: Mathematical Proof



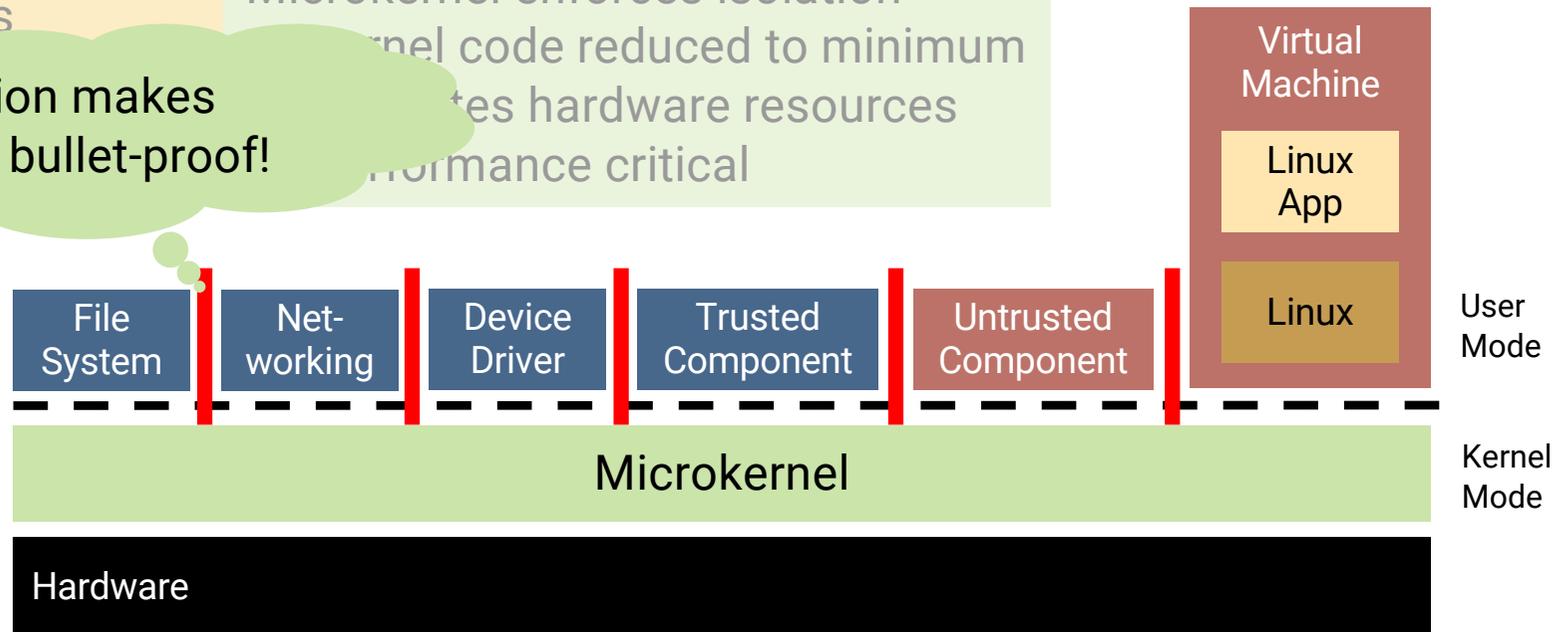
Solution 1: Minimise Trusted Computing Base

Modularisation: Separate components

- operating-system services
- applications

Microkernel enforces isolation
Microkernel code reduced to minimum
Microkernel manages hardware resources
Microkernel performance critical

Verification makes isolation bullet-proof!



Security Is No Excuse For Bad Performance!

Latency (in cycles) of a round-trip cross-address-space IPC on x64

Source	seL4	Fiasco.OC	Zircon
Mi et al, 2019	986	2717	8157
Gu et al, 2020	1450	3057	8151
seL4.systems, Jun'22	767	N/A	N/A

World's fastest
microkernel!

Within 10% of
hardware limit!

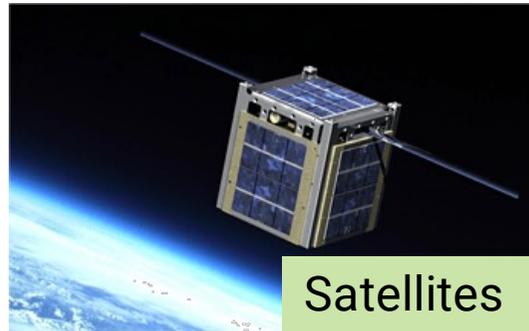
Sources:

- Zeyu Mi, Dingji Li, Zihan Yang, Xinran Wang, Haibo Chen: "SkyBridge: Fast and Secure Inter-Process Communication for Microkernels", EuroSys, April 2020
- Jinyu Gu, Xinyue Wu, Wentai Li, Nian Liu, Zeyu Mi, Yubin Xia, Haibo Chen: "Harmonizing Performance and Isolation in Microkernels with Efficient Intra-kernel Isolation and Communication", Usenix ATC, June 2020
- seL4 Performance, <https://sel4.systems/About/Performance/>, accessed 2020-11-08

se14 Made For Real-World Use



Autonomous vehicles



Satellites

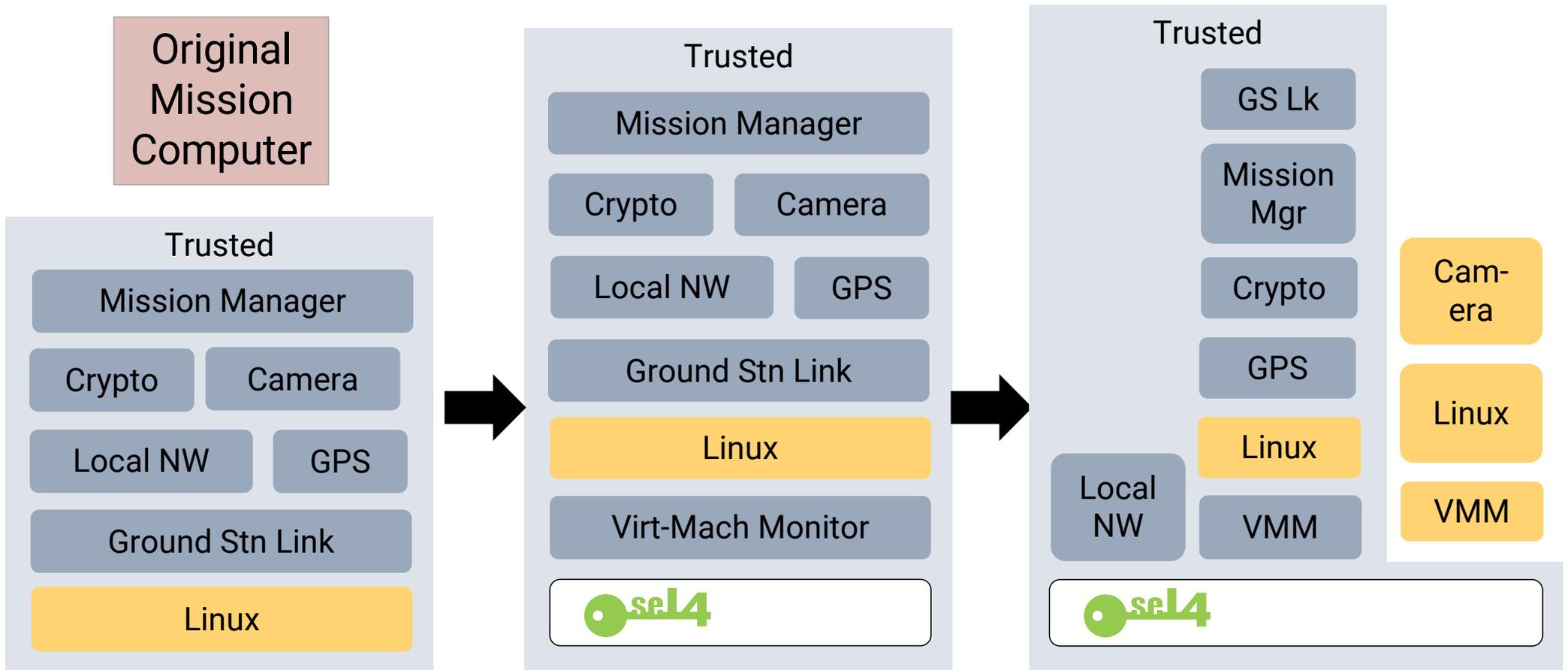


Secure communication device
In use in AU, UK defence forces

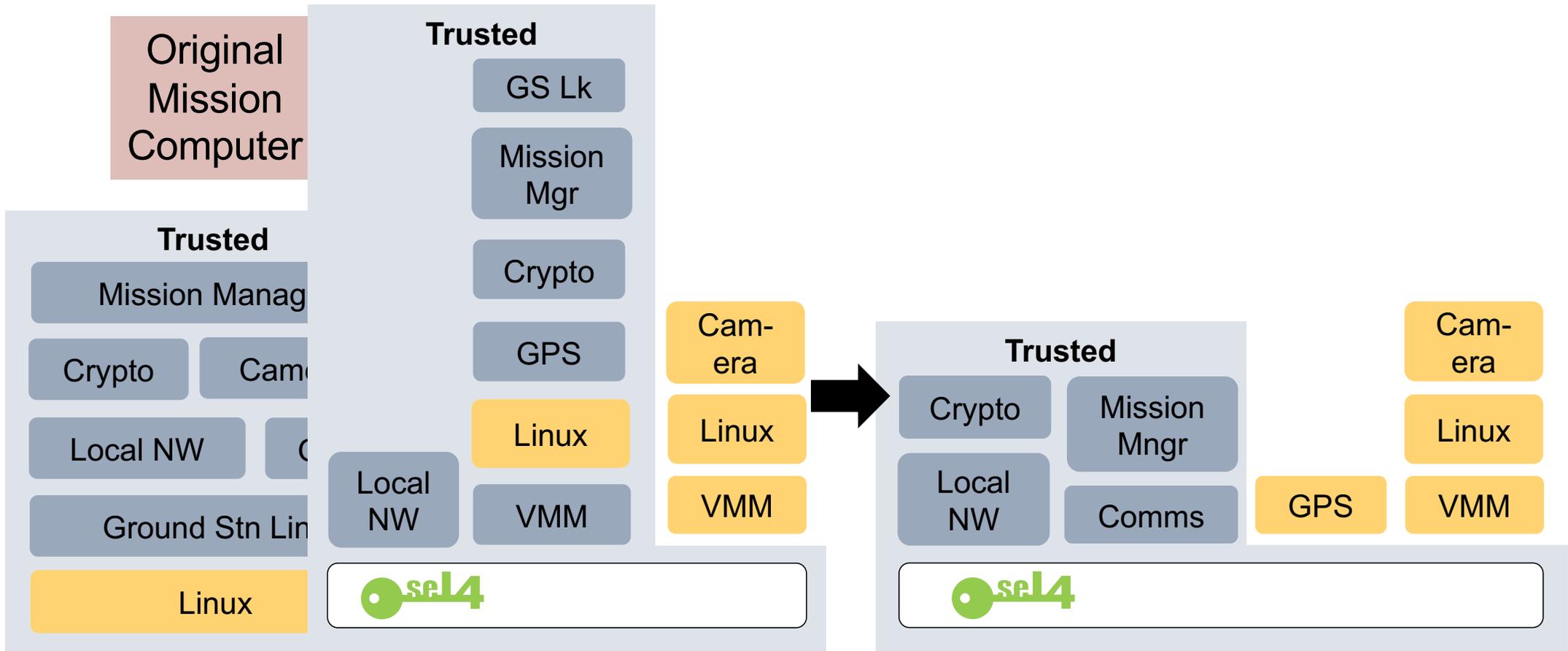
Laot: Critical
infrastructure
protection



DARPA HACMS: Incremental Cyber Retrofit



DARPA HACMS: Incremental Cyber Retrofit



DARPA HACMS: Incremental Cyber Retrofit

Original Mission Computer

[Klein et al, CACM, Oct'18]

Cyber-secure Mission Computer

Trusted

Mission Manager

Crypto

Camera

Local NW

GPS

Ground Stn Link

Linux



Trusted

Crypto

Mission Mngr

Local NW

Comms

GPS

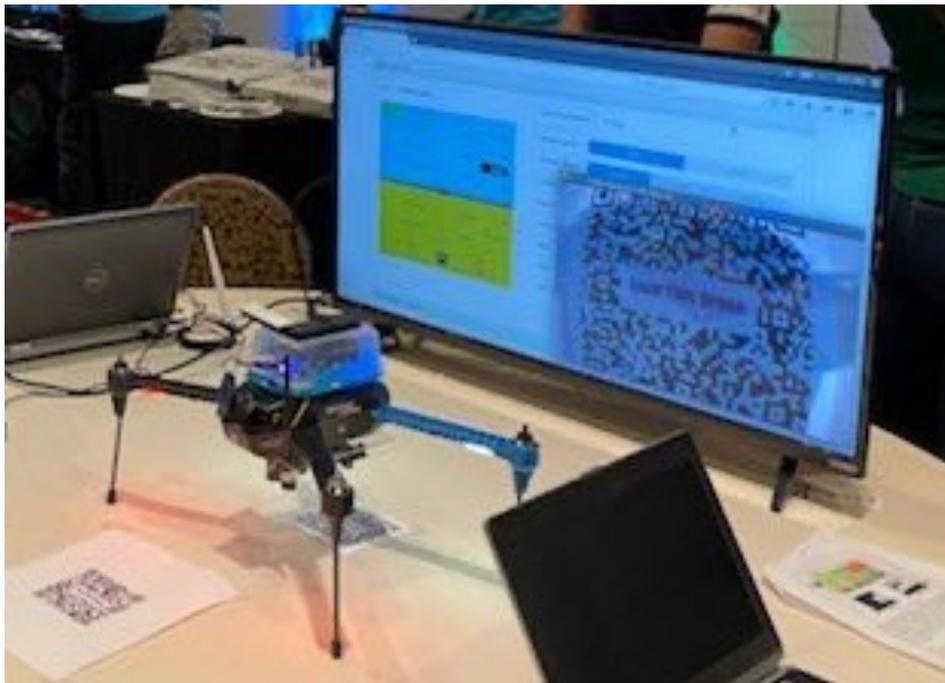
Camera

Linux

VMM



se14 World's Most Secure Drone



← Tweet



We brought a hackable quadcopter with defenses built on our HACMS program to [@defcon](#) [#AerospaceVillage](#). As program manager [@raymondrichards](#) reports, many attempts to breakthrough were made but none were successful. Formal methods FTW!

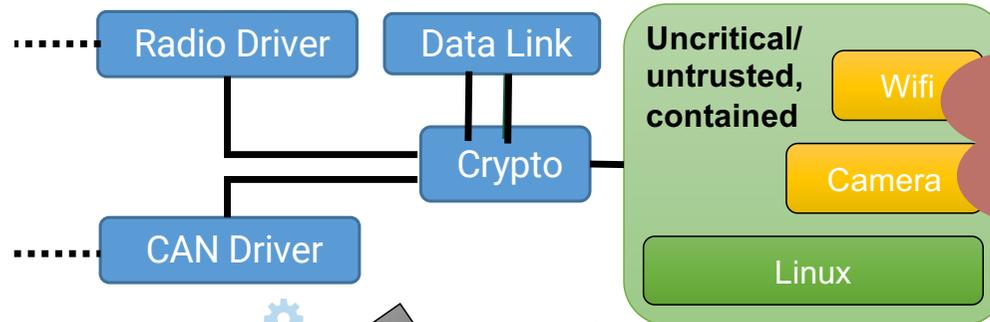
So, Why Isn't seL4 Everywhere By Now?

- Usability
- Functionality: Native services
- Trustworthiness: More than the kernel
- Embedded vs general-purpose

Usability

Recommended Framework: CAmkES

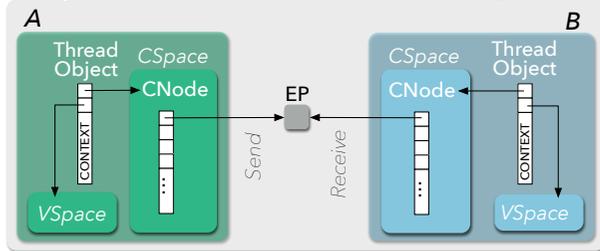
 **Conditions apply**



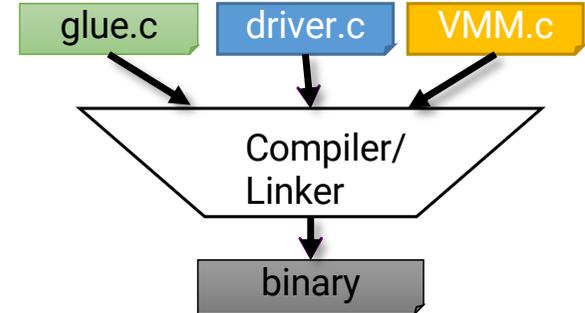
- Good for assurance
- Bad for usability & functionality

Architecture specification

CapDL: Low-level access rights



- Forces use of kernel build system
- Fully static & hard to extend



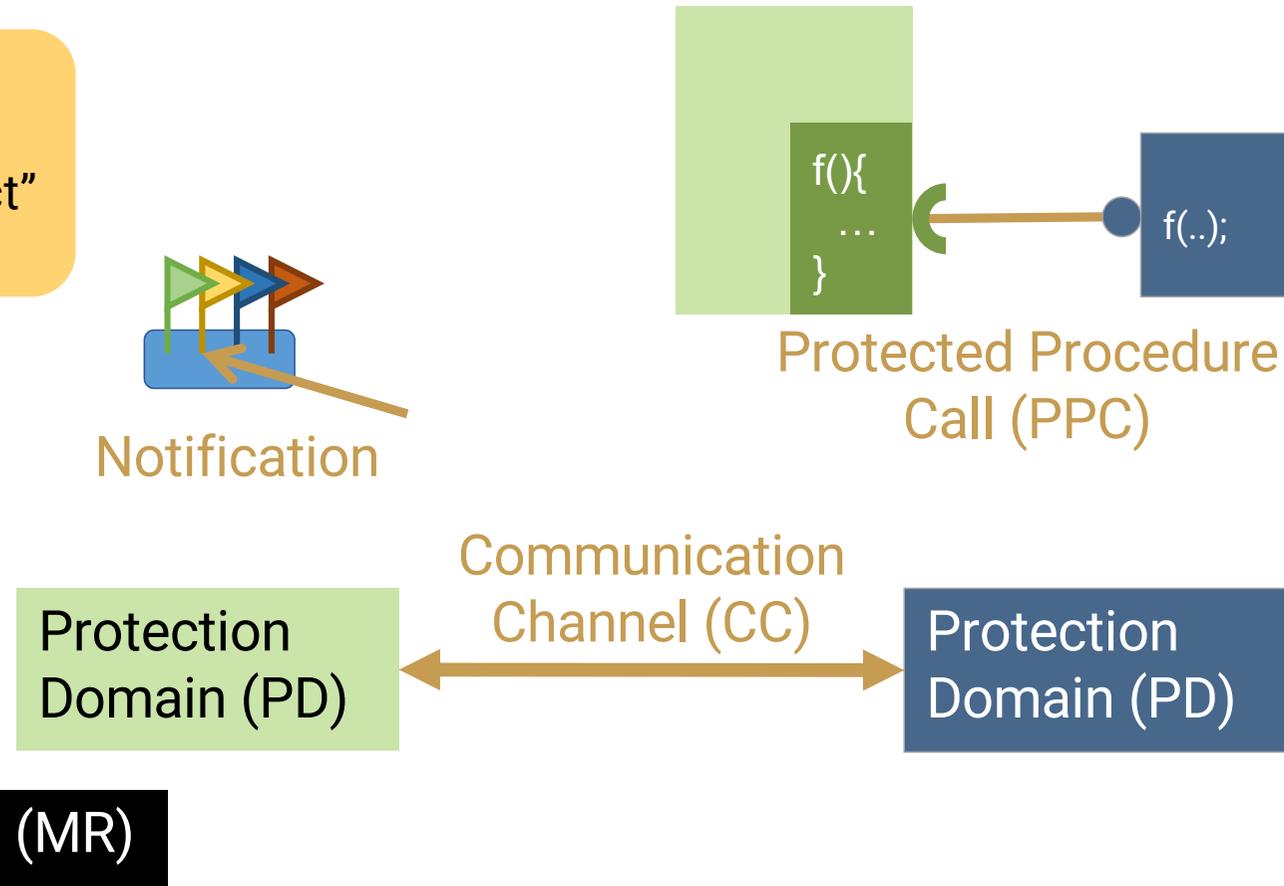
New Framework: seL4 Core Platform

Small OS for IoT, cyber-physical and other embedded use cases

- Leverage seL4-enforced isolation for strong security/safety
- Retain seL4's superior performance
- Support "correct" use of seL4 mechanisms by default
- Ease development and deployment
 - SDK, integrate with build system of your choice
- Retain near-minimal trusted computing base (TCB)
- Be amenable to formal verification of the TCB

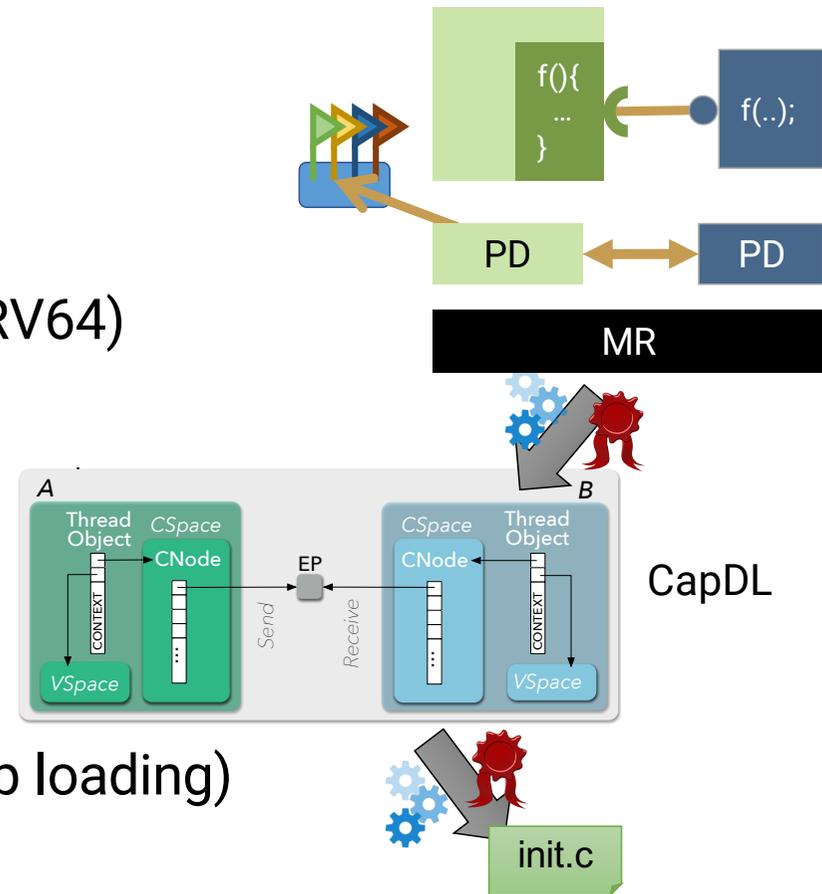
seL4CP Abstractions

- Thin wrapper of seL4 abstractions
- Encourage “correct” use of seL4



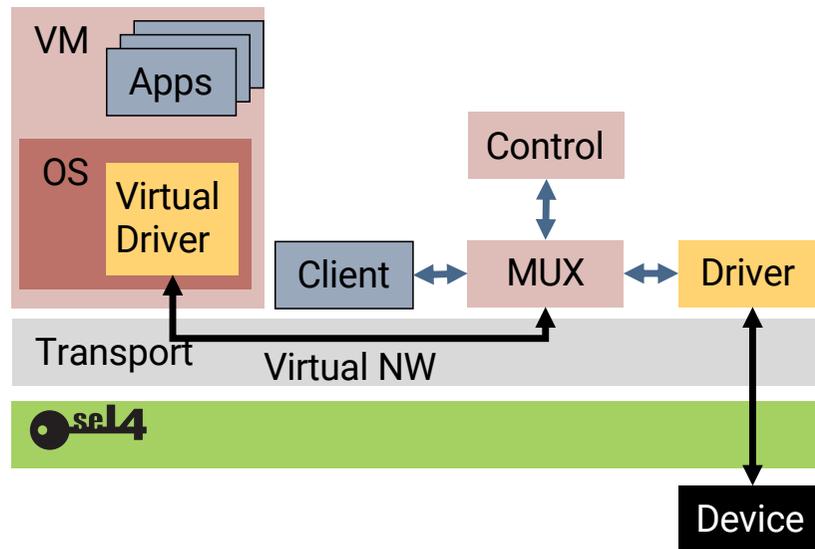
seL4CP Status

- Used in products (AArch64-based)
- Platform and ISA ports in progress (x64, RV64)
- Virtualisation support in progress
- Dynamic features prototype:
 - fault handlers
 - start/stop protection domains
 - re-initialise protection domains
 - empty protection domains (for late app loading)
- Verified mapping to CapDL in progress
- Push-button verification of CapDL under investigation



Functionality: Native Services

Key Component: Device Driver Framework



Aim:

- Secure, low-overhead sharing of devices between components
- Defined interfaces to guide driver writers

Approach:

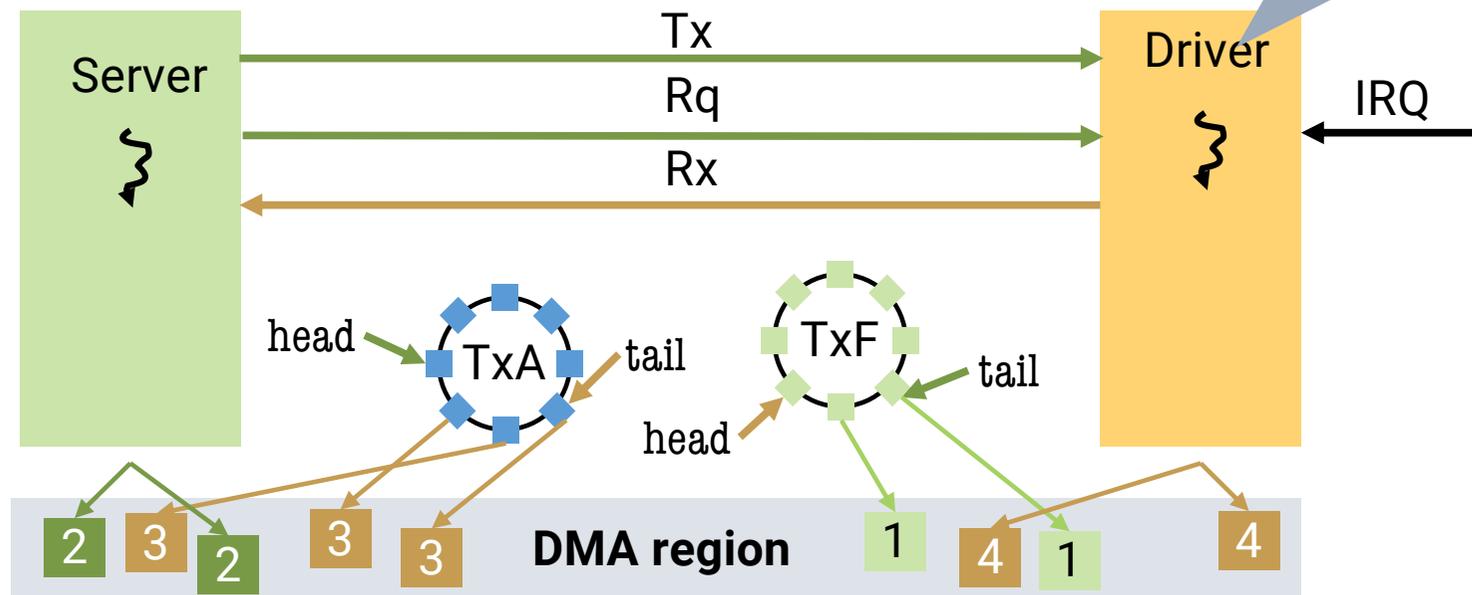
- Zero-copy transport layer
- Standard interfaces, VirtIO
- Re-use Linux drivers in per-device VM
- Investigate verifying MUX, Controller

Low-Overhead Transport

Status:

- Optimising transport layer
- Release soon

- Single-threaded
- Event-driven

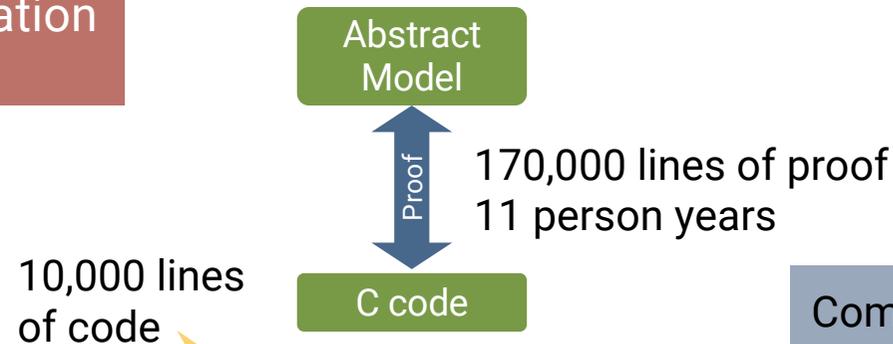


Trustworthiness

More than the kernel

Cost of Verification?

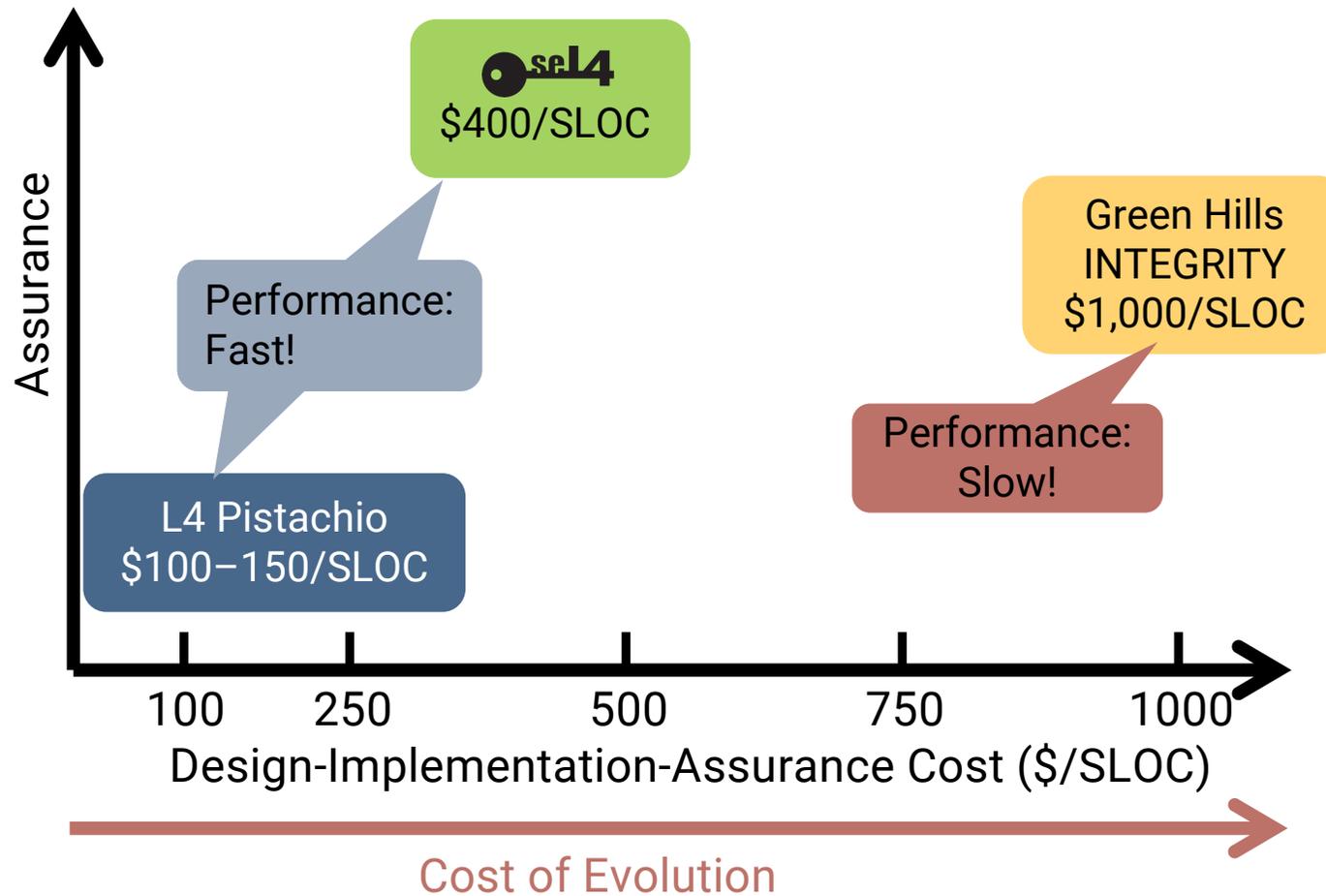
Verifying code not written for verification is infeasible!



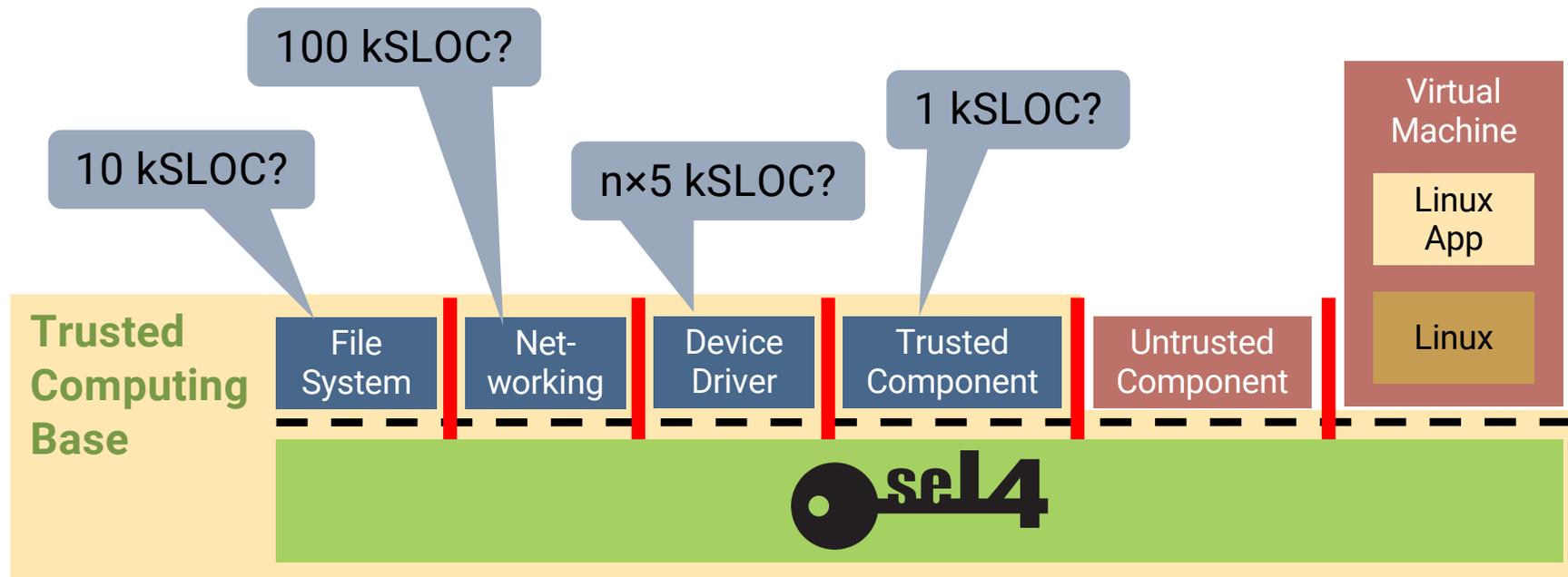
Complete seL4 proof base now \gg 1,000,000 lines!

Designed and implemented for verification!

Verification Cost in Context

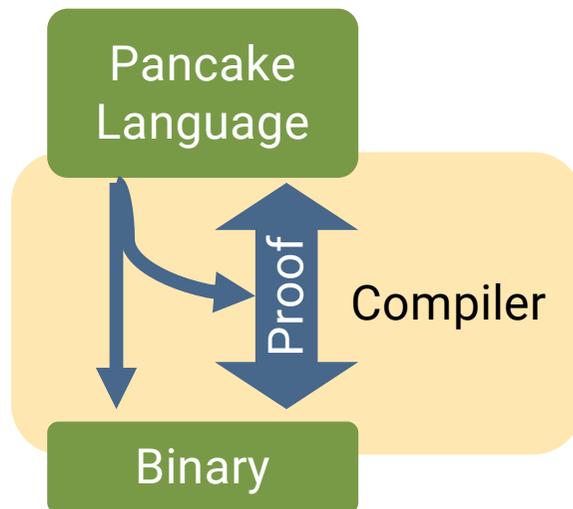


Beyond the Kernel



Reducing Cost of Verified Systems Software

Aim: Reduce cost of verified systems code



Idea:

- Use low-level but safe systems language with certifying compiler
- Gives many proof obligations for free

Systems language:

- memory safe
- not managed (no garbage collector)
- low-level (obvious translation)
- interfacing to hardware
- minimal run time

Approach: Re-Use CakeML Framework

CakeML:

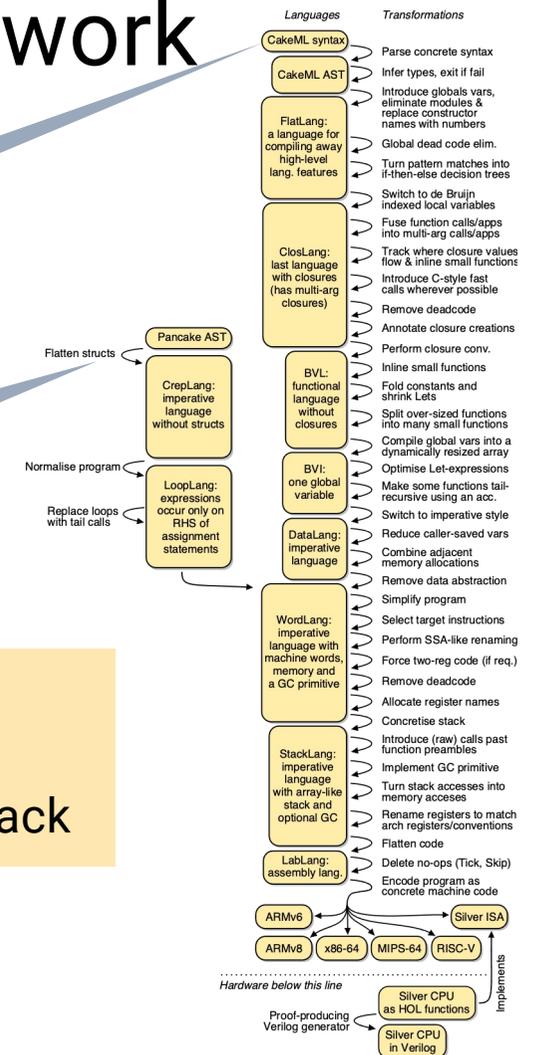
- functional language
- type & memory safe
- managed (garbage collector)
- high-level, abstract machine
- verified run time
- verified compiler
- mature system
- active ecosystem

CakeML

Pancake

Approach:

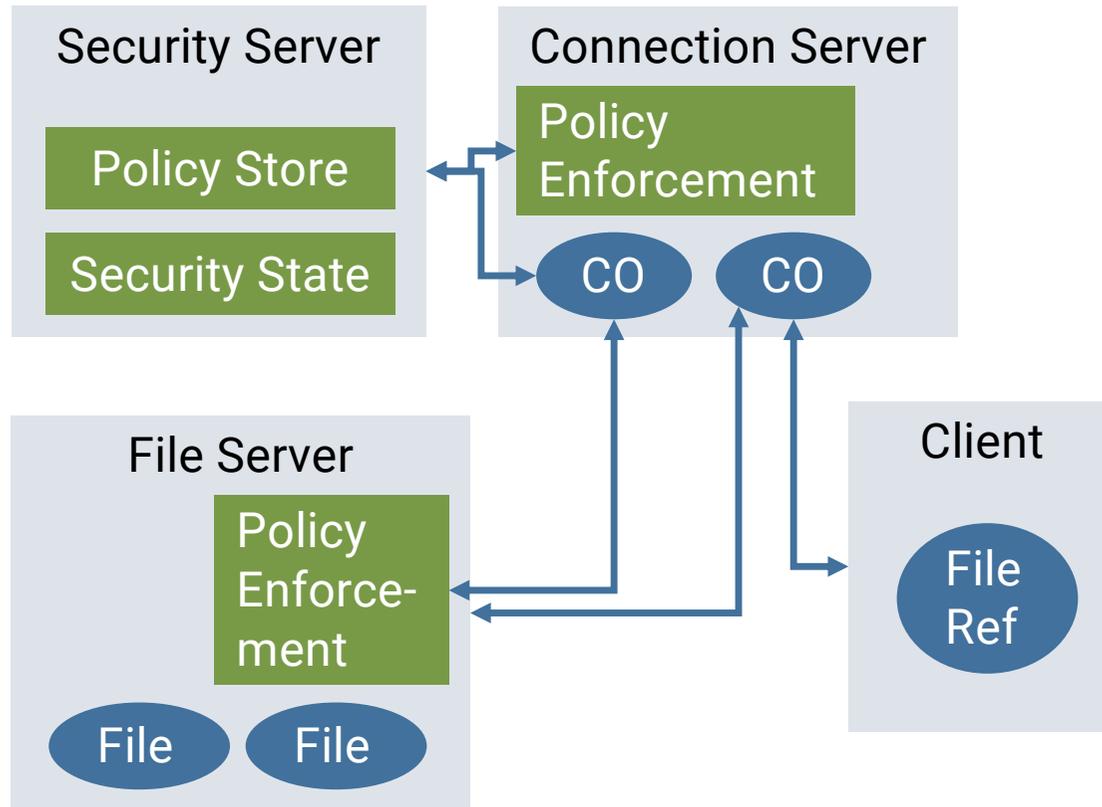
- re-use lower part of CakeML compiler stack



Secure General-Purpose OS?



Secure, General-Purpose OS



Aim: General-purpose OS that provably enforces a security policy

Requires:

- mandatory policy enforcement
- policy diversity
- minimal TCB
- low-overhead enforcement

Preventing Timing Channels – Provably

What is Spectre?



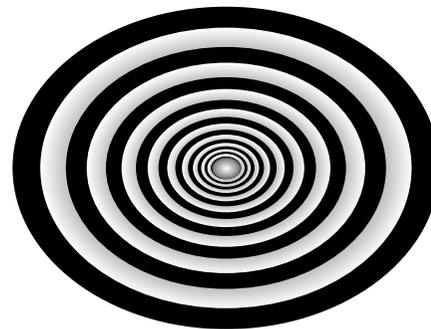
SPECTRE

=

+

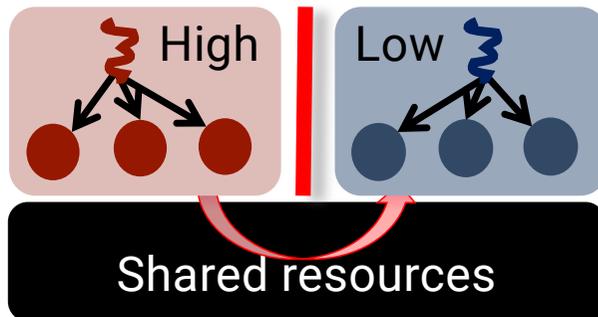


Speculation



Microarchitectural
timing channel

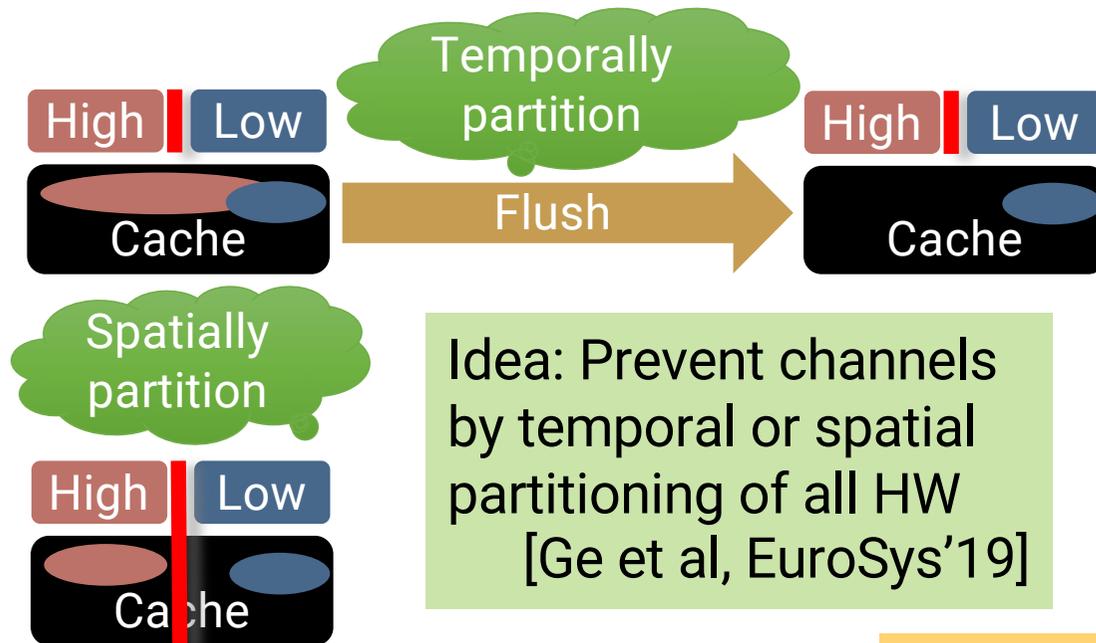
Microarchitectural Timing Channels



Contention for shared hardware resources affects execution speed, leading to timing channels

Standard approach: more patch&pray

seL4 Time Protection: Timing-Channel Prevention



Idea: Prevent channels by temporal or spatial partitioning of all HW [Ge et al, EuroSys'19]

Aim: Provably prevent information flow through micro-architectural timing channels

- Status:**
1. Specified isolation property
 2. Proved enforcement on high-level model
 3. Now working on connecting to seL4 proofs

Summary

- seL4 *is* usable for real-world systems – but more functionality needed
- Usability should (hopefully) be addressed with the Core Platform
- seL4 Device Driver Framework will support I/O and device sharing
 - ... including per-device Linux driver VMs
- We *think* Pancake will enable verified drivers
- We're about 1 year away from proving timing-channels prevention



Defining the state of the art in
trustworthy operating systems
since 2009



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